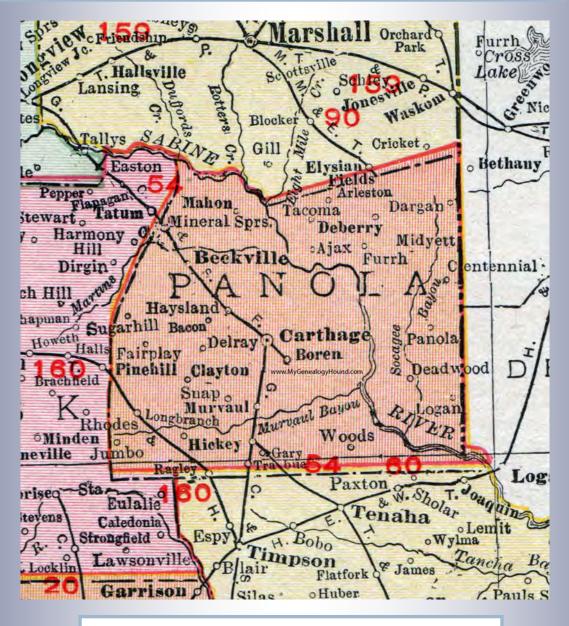
PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS AUDITOR'S 2022 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2022

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prepared by:

Office of the County Auditor Panola County, Texas

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





OFFICE OF PANOLA COUNTY AUDITOR COURTHOUSE ANNEX • ROOM 213A CARTHAGE, TEXAS 75633 903-693-0320

June 8, 2023

Honorable District Judge LeAnn Rafferty Honorable County Judge Rodger McLane, Honorable County Commissioners, and Taxpayers and Citizens of Panola County

Conforming to statutory requirements of the duties of the County Auditor, submitted herewith is the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Panola County, Texas, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Panola County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Panola County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The financial statements of Panola County have been audited by Gollob Morgan Peddy PC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended December 31, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on Panola County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, and that they are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Panola County's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Located in East Texas, Panola County, Texas, was organized in 1846. Panola County currently occupies a land area of 801 square miles and serves a population of 22,796.

The County operates as specified under a County Judge – Commissioners' Court type of government, consisting of one County Judge and four Commissioners. The County Judge is the presiding officer of the Commissioners' Court, the governing body of the County, and is elected for a four-year term by the voters of the County. Each Commissioner represents one of the four Commissioner precincts into which the County is divided and is elected by the voters of his precinct for a four-year term. The Commissioners' Court has only powers expressly granted to it by the legislature and powers necessarily implied from such grant. Among other duties, it proposes and approves the County budget, determines the County tax rates, approves contracts in the name of the County, determines whether a proposition to issue bonds should be submitted to the voters, appoints certain County officials, and makes other decisions concerning the operation of the County.

Panola County provides a full range of services, including public safety, public transportation (highways and roads), health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation (agriculture), public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administrative services.

Budgets and Budgetary Controls

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Panola County's financial planning and control. The County Judge is by statute the County Budget Officer and is responsible for determining the Commissioners' Court guidelines for the proposed County budget. After being furnished the budget guidelines by the County Judge, the County Auditor prepares an estimate of revenues and a compilation of expenditures as set out in the guidelines. The proposed budget is filed in the office of the County Clerk as public record.

A public hearing is held on the budget by the Commissioners' Court. Department heads and any other interested citizens may appear. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts as proposed in the budget. Expenditure amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimated revenues and available cash. A tax rate is then set which will generate the estimated ad valorem tax revenues in the budget.

When the final budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts.

Each fund is budgeted on an annual basis, by the primary activities of salaries and benefits, supplies, other services and charges, and capital outlay. Commissioners' Court may legally amend the budget. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for all budgeted governmental funds. All transfers of appropriations are submitted and approved by the Court.

Financial Administration

The officials having responsibility for the financial administration of the County are the County Judge and four County Commissioners (the "Commissioners' Court"), the Tax Assessor-Collector, the County Treasurer, and the County Auditor.

The Tax Assessor-Collector is elected for a four-year term and is responsible for collecting ad valorem taxes and collecting certain State and County fees and other taxes for the County. Duties of the County Treasurer, who is also elected for a four-year term, include depositing monies received by the County into the depository selected by the Commissioners' Court, signing and registering all of the County's checks (except certain custodial funds), preparation of payroll, maintenance and compilation of all personnel records, preparation of quarterly and monthly state, county, and federal reports and other financial functions.

The County Auditor is appointed for a two-year term by the State District Judge having jurisdiction within the County. The County Auditor is responsible for the accounting practices and audit control functions of

county finances. The County Auditor's responsibilities include those for accounting, auditing, accounting systems design, assisting with financial planning and operations, financial reporting, insurance, budget preparation as instructed by the Commissioners' Court, preparation of claims for approval by Commissioners' Court and various other financial related activities. The County Auditor also serves as fiscal officer for the Community Supervision Corrections Department and the Juvenile Probation Department.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Panola County operates.

Local Economy

Panola County continues to rank as one of the leading natural gas producers in East Texas. Natural gas processing and exploration contribute greatly to economic activities. Timber, poultry and cattle production also continue to contribute to the local economy. All of these activities have had a positive impact on employment and the County tax base. A great deal of credit should be given to the industrial, civic, and governmental leaders for these positive conditions.

In 2022 Panola County was able to reduce the tax rate by \$.04 due to property values and mineral values increasing. The top ten taxpayers in Panola County continue to be comprised of oil and gas companies. Revenue sources are limited, while demand for services has increased.

The position of the County has continued to be sound over the past year. Some of the factors which enabled the County to maintain this constant level were:

- 1. All departments and agencies operated within budget appropriations.
- 2. Estimated revenue was achieved or exceeded. Interest rates began to climb in 2022.
- 3. Ad valorem taxes continued to be collected at a high percent.
- 4. The County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grand Program contributed to maintaining Panola County roads during 2022.
- 5. American Rescue Plan Act contributed to new projects being discussed and started in 2022.

Looking ahead, Panola County can expect to have some years of economic growth at the state and local level. Careful financial operation and planning will enable the County to remain financially sound. A spirit of cooperation will help to ensure that the future needs of the citizens of Panola County can be met.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Commissioners' Court continues to be very active in budgeting financial resources to rehabilitate all County maintained infrastructure over a number of years in the most economical way. Various capital outlays for road and bridge equipment have been made and are planned to ensure that the department stays updated to meet future repair needs. In addition, the Commissioners' Court continued to fund the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund in compliance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 75 (GASB 75). Compliance with this accounting standard and funding in 2022 will minimize the cost to future taxpayers.

Various costs associated with fringe benefit expenses for active and retired employees had a significant effect on the financial statements in 2022. The County continues to participate in the health insurance program provided through the Texas Association of Counties. This insurance pool allows the County to limit increases in premiums at an amount less than the national average.

The County continues to maintain adequate financial resources in the Road Bond 1971 capital projects fund to meet the County's share of cost associated with new state highway construction. The County also maintains adequate financial resources in the Airport special revenue fund and in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund for the County's match of grant programs for airport improvements and maintenance.

Since the adoption of a Comprehensive Fund Balance Policy in 2011, the County has been successful in maintaining or exceeding the goals as defined in the policy. The Commissioners' Court's continuing fiscal restraints have resulted in the maintenance of stable fund balances to be available for future emergencies and revenue shortfalls. As a result of the trend of unfunded mandates by both Federal and State government, it is vitally important that the Commissioners' Court remain focused on maintaining the financial stability that now exists. This continued positive action will reduce the financial burden for future taxpayers.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" to Panola County, Texas, for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards of preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of all County Departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the County Departments that assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer Stacy

Jennifer Stacy County Auditor

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Panola County Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2022

DISTRICT COURT: 123rd Judicial District

The Honorable LeAnn Rafferty, District Judge The Honorable Danny Buck Davidson, Criminal District Attorney Carol Mixon, Court Reporter Lindsey Smith, District Clerk Kerian Henderson, CSCD Director Tracy Anderson, Chief Juvenile Probation Officer

COMMISSIONERS COURT:

The Honorable Rodger McLane, County Judge The Honorable Billy Alexander, Commissioner Precinct #1 The Honorable David Cole, Commissioner Precinct #2 The Honorable Craig Lawless., Commissioner Precinct #3 The Honorable Dale LaGrone, Commissioner Precinct #4 Vicki Heinkel, Administrative Assistant

COUNTY COURT AT LAW:

The Honorable Terry Bailey, Judge Rebecca Kise, Court Reporter

COUNTY AUDITOR:

Jennifer Stacy

ASSISTANT COUNTY AUDITORS:

Robyn Klysen, 1st Assistant Christina Chatman Janet Barnett

COUNTY CLERK:

Bobbie Davis

COUNTY SHERIFF:

Cutter Clinton

COUNTY SURVEYOR:

Don Austin

COUNTY TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR:

Holly Gibbs

COUNTY TREASURER:

Joni Reed

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2022

COUNTY VETERAN SERVICE OFFICER:

William Morris

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE:

Toni Hughes, Precincts #2 and #3 Larry Fields, Precincts #1 and #4

CONSTABLES:

Jeff Ivy, Precincts #1 and #4 Charlie Blue, Precincts #2 and #3

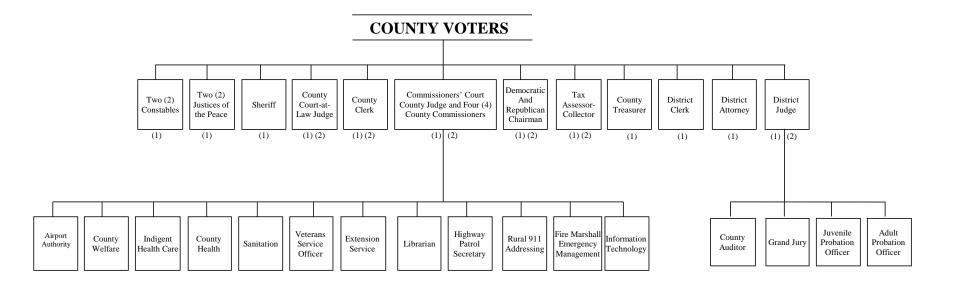
ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATOR:

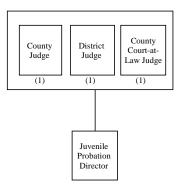
Loretta Mason

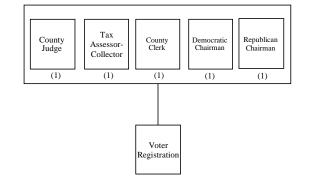
FIRE MARSHALL/EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COORDINATOR:

Bryan Murff

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







(1) Denotes elected officials. All others are appointed.

(2) Denotes joint and overlapping responsibilities.



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Commissioners' Court of Panola County Carthage, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Panola County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Panola County, Texas as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Panola County Texas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

member of



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) on pages 5-14; the budgetary comparison information contained in Schedules 1, and 2 on pages 54–59; the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on page 60; the Schedule of Employer Contributions on page 61; the Schedule of Changes in the County's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Health Plan on page 62, the Schedule of Employer Contributions - Health Plan on page 63, the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability - Supplemental Death Benefits Plan on page 64 and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on page 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Panola County, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section, additional supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Gollob Morgan Peddy PC 1001 ESE Loop 323, Suite 300, Tyler, TX 75701 Tel 903-534-0088 Fax 903-581-3915 www.gmpcpa.com Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Private Companies Practice Section Member of CPAmerica International

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical tables but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 8, 2023, on our consideration of Panola County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Panola County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

Gollob Morgan Peddy PC

Certified Public Accountants

Tyler, Texas June 8, 2023

Gollob Morgan Peddy PC 1001 ESE Loop 323, Suite 300, Tyler, TX 75701 Tel 903-534-0088 Fax 903-581-3915 www.gmpcpa.com Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Private Companies Practice Section





As management of Panola County, Texas (the County), we offer readers of the Panola County, Texas financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole. Readers of this discussion and analysis should consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our accompanying letter of transmittal, and in the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements (which immediately follow this discussion).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Panola County, Texas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2022 by \$58,478,689 (net position). Of this amount, \$15,305,195 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's change in net position was an increase of \$8,001,711.
- At December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$40,589,944, an increase of \$3,457,664 over the prior year. Of this amount, \$171,048 is nonspendable, \$18,079,339 is restricted, \$544,460 is committed, and \$21,795,097 is unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the County's discretion.
- At December 31, 2022, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$21,795,097, or 128.61% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County issued no new debt during the year ended December 31, 2022.

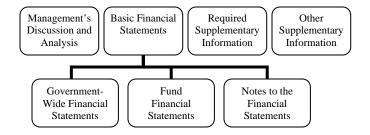
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Panola County, Texas', basic financial statements. The County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report has been prepared in compliance with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as well as GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures.

The financial section of the annual report presented herein includes four sections, consisting of the following:

- 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis
- 2) Basic Financial Statements
- 3) Required Supplementary Information
- 4) Other Supplementary Information

Components of the Financial Section



The basic financial statements are presented in two different formats. The government-wide statements are required under GASB Statement No. 34 reporting requirements. The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds. Fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Panola County is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Because the statement of activities separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, fees, licenses, grants received, and other contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program relies on general revenues for funding.

All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Panola County has no separately identified discretely-presented component units included in the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 39 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge special revenue fund, and the American Rescue Plan Act special revenue fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 36 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for 20 of its governmental funds. The Required Supplementary Information contains budget comparisons for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget, as both originally adopted and as finally amended.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County's fiduciary funds consist of custodial funds and the Retiree Health Benefits Trust Fund (RHBT). Custodial funds are used as clearing accounts for assets held by the County in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to the parties, organizations, or other government agencies to which they belong. The RHBT Fund was created in November 2007 for the purpose of funding for the County's obligation under GASB 75 regarding other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for eligible retired employees. The RHBT will be used to provide for the future payment of health care insurance premiums for eligible retired employees.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on pages 23 - 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 54 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying Notes, this report also presents Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules. These statements and schedules provide greater detail in connection with Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Schedules may be found on pages 73-106 of this report.

Single Audit

The County expended \$731,218 of State funds, which did not exceed the \$750,000 threshold required for a single audit in accordance with Texas Grant Management Standards. The County expended \$1,395,928 of Federal funds, primarily related to the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds grant, in excess of \$750,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. As a result, a Federal single audit in accordance with the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). was required. The Overall Compliance and Internal Controls section of this report, including the federal single audit begins on page 134.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Net position of the County as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are summarized and analyzed on the following page.

Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$58,478,689 as of December 31, 2022, and by \$46,843,012 as of December 31, 2021, an overall increase of \$11,635,677, which consists of the change in net position of \$8,001,711, and a prior period adjustment of \$3,633,966. The increase in net position was primarily the result of the Net Pension Asset and Net OPEB Asset. As of December 31, 2022, the County's total assets were \$107,767,604. Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment, furniture, and infrastructure less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, represent 42.99% of total net position.

An amount of \$15,305,195 of the County's net position is unrestricted net position. This amount may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Panola County, Texas

Net Position of Governmental Activities

(Table 1)

				2021
	2022		(As	s Restated)
Current and Other Assets	\$	72,913,870	\$	64,364,522
Net Pension Asset		6,324,317		-
Net OPEB Asset		3,388,958		-
Capital Assets		25,140,459		23,041,605
Total Assets		107,767,604		87,406,127
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,611,562		11,927,661
Net Pension Liability		-		4,225,537
Net OPEB Liabilities		740,499		9,024,680
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		287,644		243,919
Unearned Revenue		3,185,738		2,319,493
Other Liabilities		801,168		295,882
Total Liabilities		5,015,049		16,109,511
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		51,885,428		32,747,299
Net Position:				
Net Position, Investment in Capital Assets		25,094,155		23,041,605
Restricted		18,079,339		16,688,338
Unrestricted		15,305,195		10,747,035
Total Net Position	\$	58,478,689	\$	50,476,978

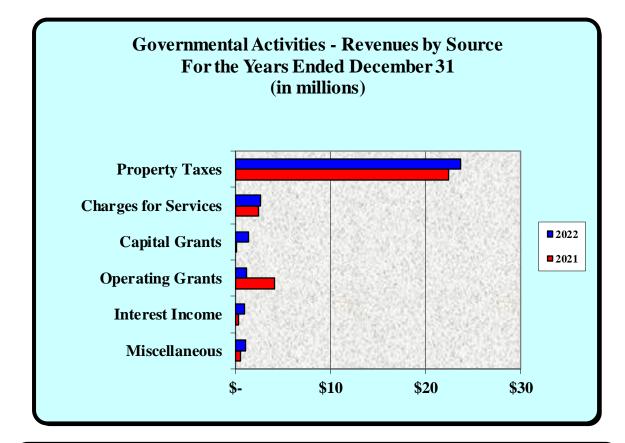
The change in net position for the County's activities for the year was an increase of \$8,001,711. Total revenues for Panola County were \$30,977,263 and \$29,814,823 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Total expenses were \$22,975,552 and \$28,365,428 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Key elements of these changes are summarized below:

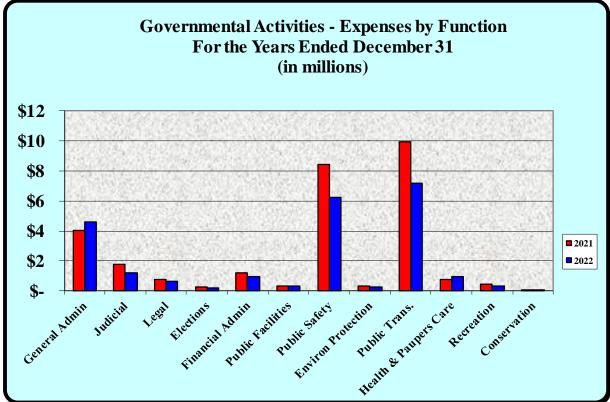
- Program revenues include charges for services, fines and forfeitures, as well as both operating and capital grants and contributions. Program revenues from governmental activities decreased 20.5% or \$1,349,983, due primarily to the ending of Coronavirus State and Local Recovery funds, and a decrease in donations of road materials. Charges for services increased by \$189,551. Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$2,849,673. Capital grants and contributions increased \$1,310,169.
- General revenues consist of taxes and interest not allocable to specific programs, as well as miscellaneous transactions that are not attributable to a specific program. The largest of these, property taxes, increased by \$1,578,586, primarily due to an increase in new construction, and an overall increase in assessed values. Other revenues increased by \$1,203,807 principally due to an increase in interest income.
- Public safety, public transportation, and general administration are the three largest programs, in terms of expenses. These three activities accounted for 78.63% of total expenses.

• Public transportation expenses decreased \$2,499,987, due to the County's change in OPEB liability, and other miscellaneous expenses.

Panola County, Texas Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Table 2)

	2022		2021
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,618,4	485 \$	2,428,934
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,230,3	326	4,079,999
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,385,9	970	75,801
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	23,692,7	769	22,384,183
Other	2,049,7	713	845,906
Total Revenues	30,977,2	263	29,814,823
Expenses:			
General administration	\$ 4,624,1	22 \$	4,012,436
Judicial	1,221,7	/02	1,756,897
Legal	628,2	235	796,328
Elections	203,7	709	240,177
Financial administration	943,3	309	1,178,392
Public facilities	313,6	514	321,607
Public safety	6,216,6	586	8,431,577
Environmental protection	291,3	329	342,370
Public transportation	7,149,0)14	9,962,334
Health & paupers care	924,6	592	789,163
Recreation	358,2		445,773
Conservation	100,8	370	88,374
	22,975,5	552	28,365,428
Increase in Net Position	8,001,7	711	1,449,395
Net Position - Beginning	46,843,0)12	45,393,617
Prior Period Adjustment	3,633,9	966	-
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	50,476,9	978	-
Net Position - Ending	\$ 58,478,6	589 \$	46,843,012





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Panola County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The following is an analysis of the County's governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

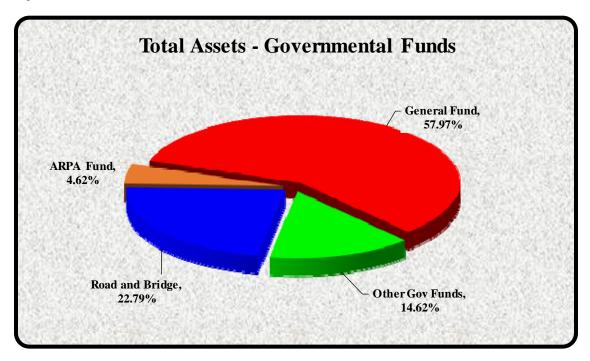
As of December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$40,589,944, an increase of \$3,457,664 over the prior year, due primarily to property tax revenues being higher than anticipated. Approximately 53.69% of this amount, \$21,795,097 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2022, 100% of the General Fund's total fund balance, or \$21,795,097 is unassigned. Total fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$1,921,230, or 9.66% from the prior year due to an increase in total assets in the amount of 4,270,740 and an increase in deferred inflows in the amount of \$2,012,935. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance, which equals total fund balance, represents 128.48% of total General Fund expenditures.

General Fund revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by approximately \$991,404, and actual expenditures were \$977,471 below budgeted expenditures.

Fund balance in the Road and Bridge Fund increased by \$1,027,314, due to a combination of property tax collections in excess of the amounts anticipated, lower expenditures due to donated road materials.

As shown below, as of December 31, 2022 total assets in the General Fund amounted to \$42,268,801, accounting for 57.99% of total governmental fund assets. The Road and Bridge and American Rescue Plan special revenue funds, the County's other major funds' total asset amount is \$19,984,995. Together, these major funds account for 80.76% of total governmental fund assets.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget amounted to a net increase in appropriations of \$155,276. Significant among the amendments were:

- Elections Increased appropriations of \$25,587 as a result of an additional election required by the Secretary of State for a Constitutional Amendment and a runoff in May of 2022. Panola County had a total of 4 elections in 2022.
- Public Facilities Increased appropriations of \$10,024 due to the replacement of 3 HVAC units and a sewer line in the Sheriff's Department.
- Public Safety Increased appropriations of \$46,361 as a result insurance proceeds to repair a Sheriff's department unit.
- Health & Paupers Care Increased appropriations of \$55,854 due to an increase in autopsies and an increase in attorney fees for CPS cases.
- Capital Outlay– Increased appropriations for additional capital outlay of \$134,256.
- General Administration Decreased appropriations of \$128,248 to fund capital outlay increase.

General Fund revenues exceeded the final budget by \$991,404. The majority of this increase was attributable to delinquent property taxes exceeding the final budget by \$787,928 and interest earnings exceeding the budget by \$287,651.

General Fund expenditures were \$977,471 less than final budgeted expenditures. Major contributors to lower than budgeted expenditures are as follows:

- Expenditures for General Administration were \$198,592 less than final budgeted amounts due to lower than anticipated expenses for communications/telephone and computer services and supplies.
- Expenditures for Public Safety activities were \$440,787 less than final budgeted amounts due to vacant positions in both the Sheriff's Department and Corrections.
- Expenditures for Health and Paupers Care were \$91,342 below budgeted amounts due to lower expenditures needed for indigent health care.
- Expenditures for Legal expenditures were \$115,775 less than final budgeted amounts due to lower than expected expenditures for professional services, and witness expense.
- Expenditures for Building Maintenance were \$86,554 less than final budget amounts due to a conscious effort to control inventory for cleaning products.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$25,094,155 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture, and infrastructure. The net increase in the County's investment in capital assets, after depreciation expense of \$1,638,126, for the current year was \$2,052,550.

This year's additions totaled \$3,623,261. Included in the additions were various purchases of buildings, construction, infrastructure, machinery and equipment.

Capital assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are summarized on the following page.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III, D on page 34 of this report.

Capital Assets As of December 31

	linoe	1 51		
		2022	(4	2021 As Restated)
Land	\$	2,032,362	\$	1,722,016
Construction in Progress		30,000		265,033
Buildings		21,537,680		21,140,050
Improvements other than buildings		328,503		328,503
Machinery and equipment		14,111,227		13,576,325
Infrastructure		16,099,649		14,243,718
Right-of-use asset		65,329		65,329
Total Capital Assets		54,204,750		51,340,974
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(29,064,291)		(28,234,040)
Total Capital Assets	\$	25,140,459	\$	23,106,934

Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2022, the County has no outstanding bonded debt. The only debt outstanding is in the form of accrued compensated absences and the net pension and OPEB liability.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note III, J on page 48 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for 2023

- FY2022 total property assessed value increased 57% from the prior year. FY2022 had an increase in assessed value of 4.46%.
- Property tax receipts for FY2022 increased to \$23.56 million compared to \$22.81 million for FY2022.
- The County has consistently maintained an ad valorem tax collection rate over 94% for the last several years. In the current year the collection rate was 96%.
- The percentage increase in medical insurance premiums for employees was 1.9% for FY 2022 (FY 2021 decrease was 3%).
- Fluctuating energy costs have affected the price of fuel and road surfacing materials.
- Property and liability insurance costs increased 6.7% for FY 2022 compared to an increase of 10.78% for FY 2021.

Original budgeted revenues for FY 2022 are \$26.10 million, an increase of 35.62% over original budgeted revenues of \$24.10 million for FY 2022. Property taxes account for the bulk of the revenues, as approximately 87.53% of the total budgeted revenues for the General Fund are related to property taxes.

The tax rate for the new fiscal year was set at \$0.45926/\$100. The continued natural gas production value allows the County to maintain a relatively low tax rate for the maintenance and operations budget.

Several other factors are expected to have an impact on the budgetary process in the next few years:

- Decreasing taxable value due to less drilling will possibly have an impact on the tax rate for the next year.
- Continued pressure from rising health insurance costs, demand for services, increased fuel costs and road maintenance costs will cause the County to adjust the tax rate in years to come.
- In spite of the demand for County services, the County enjoys a healthy tax base relying primarily on the natural gas field for a substantial amount of tax revenues. The County conservatively manages its resources and is in a sound financial position to meet the needs of citizens for years to come.
- American Rescue Plan Act funding in the amount of \$4.5 million will help contribute to building renovation projects.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Panola County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Panola County Auditor's Office, Courthouse Annex Room 213A, Carthage, Texas 75633.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



EXHIBIT 1

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL
	ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	¢ 10.470.707
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 13,470,527 46,929,593
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	40,727,373
Property taxes	10,244,094
Due from Other Governments	1,776,378
Miscellaneous	311,680
Inventory	44,760
Net pension asset	6,324,317
Net OPEB asset	3,388,958
Other Assets	136,838
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Land	2,032,362
Construction in progress	30,000
Buildings	13,179,594
Improvements	232,961
Machinery and equipment	4,145,253
Infrastructure	5,474,768
Right of use assets	45,521
	_
Total Assets	107,767,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on TCDRS pension	4,310,749
Deferred charge on OPEB Health Plan	3,169,183
Deferred charge on OPEB Supplemental Death Benefit	131,630
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,611,562
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	801,168
Unearned revenue - grants	3,185,738
Long-term debt:	
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Compensated absences	14,480
Lease liabilities	19,603
Portion due or payable after one year:	224.840
Compensated absences	226,860
Other post employment benefit liability Lease liabilities	740,499
Lease naonnes	26,701
Total Liabilities	5,015,049
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections	17,650,717
Unavailable Revenue	9,504,133
Deferred charge on TCDRS pension Deferred charge on OPEB Health Plan	11,093,557 13,620,139
Deferred charge on OPEB Health Plan Deferred charge on OPEB Supplemental Death Benefit	15,620,139
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	51,885,428
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	25,094,155
Restricted for:	
Road & Bridge maintenance	10,982,489
Law Library	94,462
Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	167
Courthouse Security	250,032
Records Management & Preservation	1,165,069
Court Technology VIT Interest	138,105
VIT Interest Elections	2,440 25,872
Adult Probation	25,872 82,686
Juvenile Probation	82,080 515,605
Law Enforcement	87,054
District Attorney	163,393
American Rescue Plan	55,479
Child Protective Services	146,923
Health	3,925,896
Airport	443,667
Unrestricted	15,305,195
Total Net Position	\$ 58,478,689

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 2

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

PROGRAM REVENUES

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Functions/Programs	EXPENSES		ARGES FOR ERVICES	GRA	ERATING ANTS AND FRIBUTIONS	TAL GRANTS AND TRIBUTIONS	ERNMENTAL
Primary Government:							
Governmental activities:							
General administration	\$ 4,624,122	\$	495,129	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (4,128,993)
Judicial	1,221,702		566,158		63,000	-	(592,544)
Legal	628,235		19,243		34,698	28,983	(545,311)
Elections	203,709		3,664		69,949	-	(130,096)
Financial administration	943,309		950,425		-	-	7,116
Public facilities	313,614		-		-	-	(313,614)
Public safety	6,216,686		274,479		367,755	37,561	(5,536,891)
Environmental protection	291,329		-		-	-	(291,329)
Public transportation	7,149,014		132,491		647,337	1,319,426	(5,049,760)
Health & paupers care	924,692		210		47,587	-	(876,895)
Recreation	358,270		176,686		-	-	(181,584)
Conservation	100,870		-		-	-	(100,870)
Total primary government	\$ 22,975,552	\$	2,618,485	\$	1,230,326	\$ 1,385,970	\$ (17,740,771)
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes						\$ 23,692,769
	Miscellaneous						1,108,652
	Interest earned						941,061
	Total general re	evenues					 25,742,482
	Change in net p	position					8,001,711
	Net position - beginning	of year	as previously re	eported			46,843,012
	Prior period adjustment						 3,633,966
	Net position - beginning	of year	as restated				 50,476,978
	Net position - end of year	r					\$ 58,478,689

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

			OAD AND BRIDGE		MERICAN RESCUE	N	OTHER IONMAJOR		TOTAL
			FUND -	PLAN		GOVERNMENTAL		GOV	ERNMENTAL
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE		SPECIAL REVENUE			FUNDS		FUNDS
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,257,019	\$	821,723	\$	3,241,217		4,150,568	\$	13,470,527
Investments	28,274,472		12,521,714		-		6,133,407		46,929,593
Receivables :									-
Current Taxes	6,905,460		2,623,603		-		241,283		9,770,346
Delinquent Taxes	820,048		311,562		-		32,240		1,163,850
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(517,436)		(154,668)		-		(17,998)		(690,102)
Due from Other Governments	1,254,808		476,741		-		44,829		1,776,378
Miscellaneous	263,880		16,815		-		30,986		311,681
Inventory	-		-		-		44,760		44,760
Other Assets	10,550		-		126,288		-		136,838
Total Assets	\$42,268,801	\$	16,617,490	\$	3,367,505	\$	10,660,075	\$	72,913,871
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable-Trade	632,357		136,317		-		32,494		801,168
Unearned Revenue - Grants	-		-		3,185,738		-		3,185,738
Total Liabilities	\$ 632,357	\$	136,317	\$	3,185,738	\$	32,494	\$	3,986,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:									
Unavailable Revenue	12,297,608		4,917,575		-		435,534		17,650,717
Deferred Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections	7,543,739		2,897,738		-		244,827		10,686,304
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,841,347		7,815,313		_		680,361		28,337,021
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	-		-		126,288		44,760		171,048
Restricted	-		8,665,860		55,479		9,358,000		18,079,339
Committed	-		-		-		544,460		544,460
Unassigned	21,795,097				_		-		21,795,097
Total Fund Balances	21,795,097		8,665,860		181,767		9,947,220		40,589,944
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources									
and Fund Balances	\$ 42,268,801	\$	16,617,490	\$	3,367,505	\$	10,660,075	\$	72,913,871

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (EXHIBIT 1) DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 40,589,944
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	25,140,459
Net OPEB Liability created by contributions made by the County to its health plan and its related deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the funds.	(7,124,922)
Net OPEB Liability - Supplemental death benefits and related deferred out flows and inflows of resources are not reported in the funds.	(562,827)
Net Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable is a "long-term asset" and not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore is deferred in the funds.	1,182,171
The Net Pension Liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the funds.	(458,491)
Long-term liabilities (Compensated Absences) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(241,340)
Long-term liabilities (Lease liabilities) are not due and payable in the current period and and therefore are not reported in the funds	 (46,305)
Net position of governmental activities	 58,478,689

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	GENERAL	ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE	AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES					
Property Taxes Licenses	\$ 16,666,473	\$ 6,363,854 361,270	\$ -	\$ 622,291	\$ 23,652,618 361,270
Intergovernmental Receipts Fees of Office	542,454 889,130	698,283	1,319,426	416,659 464,566	2,976,822 1,353,696
Fines Miscellaneous	958,735	386,940 483,397	49,025	2,331 753,872	389,271 2,245,029
Total revenues	19,056,792	8,293,744	1,368,451	2,259,719	30,978,706
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Administration	4,708,062	-	-	120,095	4,828,157
Judicial	1,563,894	-	-	-	1,563,894
Legal	586,264	-	-	41,971	628,235
Elections	217,158	-	-	-	217,158
Financial Administration	1,148,884	-	-	-	1,148,884
Public Facilities	323,337	-	-	-	323,337
Public Safety	6,460,300	-	-	773,267	7,233,567
Environmental Protection	283,785	-	-	-	283,785
Public Transportation	-	5,588,804	-	661,302	6,250,106
Health and Paupers Care	621,612	-	161,662	73,783	857,057
Recreation	378,802	-	-	-	378,802
Conservation	109,562	-	-	-	109,562
Capital Outlay	544,408	1,677,626	1,031,476	510,317	3,763,827
Total expenditures	16,946,068	7,266,430	1,193,138	2,180,735	27,586,371
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,110,724	1,027,314	175,313	78,984	3,392,335
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Effect of adoption of GASB 87	65,329	-	-	-	65,329
Transfers in Transfers (out)	(254,823)		- -	254,823	254,823 (254,823)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(189,494)			254,823	65,329
Net change in fund balances	1,921,230	1,027,314	175,313	333,807	3,457,664
Fund balances - beginning of year	19,873,867	7,638,546	6,454	9,613,413	37,132,280
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 21,795,097	\$ 8,665,860	\$ 181,767	\$ 9,947,220	\$ 40,589,944

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT 2) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,457,664
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. (See Note 2)	2,033,525
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	2 570
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	2,579
Delinquent property taxes receivable, which do not provide current financial resources, are not reported as revenue in the funds.	40,152
Lease payments are recorded as an expenditure when paid in the funds, but are a reduction of lease liabilities in the statement of financial position	19,024
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the funds.	(941,428)
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the funds.	 3,390,195
Change in net position of governmental activities	 8,001,711

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

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	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund		(Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash		1,961,672	\$	9,344,115
Cerificates of deposit Interest receivable		35,200,000 165,093		178,415
Total Assets	\$	37,326,765	\$	9,522,530
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		7,404	\$	-
Due to other governments Due to others		-		7,510,290
Total Liabilities		7,404		1,880,201 9,390,491
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Post employment benefits other than penisons Individuals and organizations		37,319,361		132,039
Total net position				
	\$	37,319,361	\$	132,039

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund		Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Reimbursements- Medicare Part D	\$	74,546	\$	-	
Employer contributions		2,557,707		-	
Tax collected for other governments		-		107,065,991	
Held for others		-		1,354,075	
		2,632,253		108,420,066	
To second a second second					
Investment earnings:		550 104		120.040	
Interest		559,194		138,048	
Total investment earnings		559,194		138,048	
Total additions		3,191,447		108,558,114	
DEDUCTIONS					
Retiree mdical insurance premiums		1,555,902		-	
Payments to other governments		-		107,201,986	
Payments to others		-		1,346,964	
Administrative expenses		-		523	
Total deductions		1,555,902		108,549,473	
Net increase in fiduciary net position		1,635,545		8,641	
Net position - beginning of the year		35,683,816		123,398	
Total net position	\$	37,319,361	\$	132,039	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Panola County, Texas have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Panola County, Texas (the County) was organized in 1846. The County operates under a County Judge – Commissioners' Court type of government and provides the following services: public safety, public transportation (highways and roads), health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation (agriculture), public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administration. The accompanying basic financial statements present the County's primary government and component units over which the County exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the County. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Governmentwide statements report consolidated information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of the government-wide consolidation. Governmental activities are primarily supported by taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and fees of office revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund and Road and Bridge special revenue fund meet the criteria and are reported as major governmental funds. Non-major funds include other special revenue, capital projects, and the debt service funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund financial statements. Detailed statements for non-major funds are presented within the combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -continued

Debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, and postemployment benefits are recorded only when payments are due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes, licenses, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for the revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund level financial statements include fiduciary funds which are classified into pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, external investment, private purpose trust and custodial funds. The County has only custodial funds which are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other funds. Custodial funds do not involve a formal trust agreement. Custodial fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The County reports ten custodial funds as fiduciary funds.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Road and Bridge special revenue fund is used to account for monies designated for use in road and bridge work of the County. Primary sources of revenues include ad valorem taxes, automobile registration fees, County and District fees, and State allotments of road funds. Revenues are used for public transportation maintenance and construction purposes.

<u>American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund</u> – The American Rescue Plan special revenue fund is used to account for monies received from the federal government under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The primary source of revenues is the federal government and are used as allowed by ARPA for COVID relief and infrastructure.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>**Capital projects funds**</u> – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Pension (and other employee benefit)</u> Trust Fund – The Panola County, Texas Retiree Health Benefit Trust fund is used to account for the single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

<u>Custodial funds</u> – Custodial funds are used to account for situations in which the County acts in a custodial capacity for individuals, firms, and State and local governments. Funds on hand in the County's custodial funds may be funds held for legal reasons, tax collections for other governmental entities, or fees collected on behalf of the State or other governmental entities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days.

Panola County is legally authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States or its agencies, direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, and other obligations, the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the State of Texas or the United States.

The County may also invest in the obligations of states and the political subdivisions of any state having received a rating of not less than "A" by a nationally recognized investment rating firm, fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies, and highly rated domestic "commercial paper" with a maturity of 90 days or less (as authorized by Public Funds Investment Act of 1987). The County reporting entity considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the County are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and/or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2022, there were no funds in which expenditures exceeded appropriations.

3. Receivables and Payables

Property Taxes Receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Property taxes are levied on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements have been met and reimbursable costs are incurred.

Revenue for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they become eligible for accrual in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "Advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). Inter-fund activity reflected in "due to/from other funds" is eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

4. Inventories

Inventories of supplies on hand have not been recorded; such supplies are of an expendable nature and are expensed when purchased. As these amounts do not seem to fluctuate a great deal from year to year, the exclusion of inventories does not materially affect either the financial position or results of operations of these funds.

The inventory amount of \$44,760 in the Airport Special Revenue Fund consists of jet fuel held for consumption stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Reported inventories are offset by non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that they are "not in spendable form" even though they are a component of net current assets. The costs of jet fuel inventories are reported as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than 1 year. Infrastructure assets include County-owned roads and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	50
Computers and peripheral equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	10 to 50
Vehicles	5 to 10
Facilities and improvements	40
Furniture	10
Infrastructure – Roads	20
Infrastructure – Bridges	25 to 35

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows of resources are reported for advance tax collections, pensions, and OPEB.

Any current taxes levied and collected between October 1 and December 31 are not available for use until January 1, the beginning of the next fiscal year. Availability only affects the recognition of revenue in governmental funds. Therefore, all collections of current taxes during this period and all current taxes receivable as of December 31 are recorded as Unavailable Revenue and Deferred Revenue in the fund statements and the government-wide statements, respectively. Each of these reported amounts are listed in the Deferred Inflows section of their respective financial statements.

7. Net Position

For government-wide reporting, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

As of December 31, 2022, long-term debt outstanding consists of compensatory time payable, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Pension of the Texas County and District Retirement System (the "TCDRS") and additions to/deductions from TCDRS' Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the Total OPEB Liability of the Texas County and District Retirement System (the "TCDRS") and additions to/deductions from TCDRS' Total OPEB Liability have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. It is an unfunded plan, and there are no plan assets.

9. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a majority vote (adoption of an order) by the Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes those constraints by a majority vote. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an order prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Commissioners' Court or by an official or body to which the Commissioners' Court delegates the authority. The Court, by order, has authorized the County Judge to assign fund balance. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, or debt service fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the fund itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Leases

Leases are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, leases. A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow in resources. A lease receivable is recognized at the net present value of the leased asset at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the County and is reduced by the principal payments. The deferred inflow of resources is recognized in an amount equal to the sum of lease payments relating to a future period which were received prior to the lease commencement. These deferred inflows of resources are amortized equal to the amount of the annual payments.

A lessee is required to recognize a lease payable and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lease payable is recognized at the net present value of future lease payments and is adjusted over time by interest and payments. Future lease payments include fixed payments, variable payments based on index or rate, reasonably certain residual guarantees. The right-to-use asset is initially recorded at the amount of the lease liability plus prepayments less any lease incentives received prior to lease commencement and is subsequently amortized over the life of the lease.

In the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements, deferred inflows related to leases and any respective right-to-use assets are reported in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources. Under modified accrual accounting, lease payments are considered capital outlay and proceeds of lease contracts, and thereafter are recorded as principal and interest payments.

The County has chosen not to implement GASB 87 for the budgetary basis of accounting. For both the budgetary basis of accounting and for leases that do not meet the criteria for valuation under GASB 87, the County will report inflows of cash for lesser leases and outflows of cash for lesser leases.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

E. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which the taxes are levied, regardless of the lien date. Property taxes for the County are levied based on taxable value on the lien date of January 1 prior to December 31 of the same year. They become due January 1 of the following year and delinquent after June 30 of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for prior-year levies delinquent at year-end are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting and under the modified accrual method in the fund statements.

3. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. Vacation benefits are accrued by County employees in accordance with guidelines suggested in the County's personnel policy. Since various departments are supervised by elected and appointed officials, departmental policies established within the guidelines vary by department.

Employees may accumulate a maximum of twenty days of vacation leave based on their years of service. Vacation time must be used during the year in which it is earned and may not be carried over unless specifically approved by the Commissioners' Court. Upon termination of employment for any reason, an employee with accrued unused vacation time will be paid for such time at the employee's then current pay rate. An employee will not be paid for unused vacation time while still employed by Panola County. Consequently, no provision is made for accrued vacation in the financial statements.

Sick pay policies are uniform throughout the departments. Unused sick leave is non-vesting and terminates upon cessation of employment. Accordingly, no provision is made for accrued sick leave at year end.

Compensatory time is accrued by employees in lieu of paid overtime. Any compensatory time is accumulated and carried forward from year to year. Employees are paid for any accrued compensatory time upon termination. Consequently, a liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

4. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

F. Implementation of New Standards

In the current year, the County implemented the following new standards:

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB 87"), requires the reporting of lease liabilities that were previously not reported, and for lessors and lessees to report leases under a single model. In addition, the statement requires enhanced disclosures related to the timing significance and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements. The County adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2022.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

There were no material cumulative effect adjustments recorded to net position upon adoption. For lessee leases, right-of-use assets and liabilities were recognized on the commencement date of the lease based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. For lessor leases, lease receivables and deferred inflows were recognized on the commencement date of the lease based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. At inception of the year of adoption, the County recognized right-of-use assets of \$65,329 with a corresponding lease liability of \$65,329. As of December 31, 2022, the following lease amounts are reported: lease liabilities in the amount of \$19,603 and \$26,701 included in current and long-term lease liabilities, respectively.

In February 2020 GASB issued Statement No. 92 Omnibus 2020 which includes guidance addressing various accounting and financial reporting issues identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB pronouncements. The issues covered by the statement include clarification of the effective date of GASB 87 for interim periods, reporting of intraentity transfers between a primary government and a component unit defined benefit pension plan, and the applicability of certain pension and other postemployment benefit pronouncements to specific criteria. The County adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2022. There was no material effect on the financial statements.

G. Future Implementation of New Standards

In May 2020 GASB issued Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements which provides guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs"). SBITAs are contracts that convey control of the right to use a SBITA vendor's IT software as specified in the contract for a period of time in exchange transactions. The statement requires governments with SBITAs to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2022. The County is evaluating the impact of this statement on its financial statements.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$2,018,853 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 3,713,246
Disposal of capital assets	(41,595)
Depreciation expense	 (1,638,126)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 2,033,525

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Authorized Investments

Panola County is authorized to invest in obligations and instruments as defined in the Public Funds Act (Sec. 2256.001 Texas Government Code). Such investments include (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) obligations of political subdivisions rated not less than A by a national investment rating firm, (4) certificates of deposit, and (5) other instruments and obligations authorized by statute. The investments of the County are in compliance with these investment policies.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

B. Deposits and Investments

During the 2022 fiscal year, all deposits and investments were comprised of bank demand deposits and bank time deposits. The County's demand deposits, and time deposits are fully covered by federal depository insurance and collateral held by the County's agent, First State Bank & Trust Co., in the name of the County.

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. Specific policies applicable to deposits and investments of the County and the risks of such are described below.

Interest rate risk. This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not have a specific policy regarding interest rate risk, as it does not contemplate the investment of funds in such instruments. During the year, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

Credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At December 31, 2022, and throughout the year, the County's only investments were certificates of deposit and was not exposed to credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk. This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. As discussed above, the County's only investments were certificates of deposit and consequently was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the County's name, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Foreign currency risk. This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not engage in foreign currency transactions. The County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

C. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2022 for the County's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible, are as follows:

	General Fund	Road Fund	001	ernmental Funds	Total
Current Property Taxes Delinquent Property Taxes Due from Other Governments Miscellaneous	\$ 6,905,460 820,048 1,254,808 263,880	\$ 2,623,603 311,562 476,741 16,814	\$	241,283 32,240 44,829 30,986	\$ 9,770,346 1,163,850 1,776,378 311,680
Total Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$ 9,244,196 (517,436)	\$ 3,428,720 (154,668)	\$	349,338 (17,998)	\$ 13,022,254 (690,102)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 8,726,760	\$ 3,274,052	\$	331,340	\$ 12,332,152

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2022			Balance December 31,
	(As restated)	Increases	Decreases	2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,722,016	\$ 310,346	\$ -	\$ 2,032,362
Construction in Progress	265,033	30,000	265,033	30,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,987,049	\$ 340,346	\$ 265,033	\$ 2,062,362
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$21,140,050	\$ 397,630	\$ -	\$ 21,537,680
Improvements other than Buildings	328,503	-	-	328,503
Machinery & Equipment	13,576,325	1,351,215	816,313	14,111,227
Infrastructure	14,243,718	1,874,416	18,485	16,099,649
Right-of-use asset	65,329			65,329
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized	\$49,353,925	\$3,623,261	\$ 834,798	\$ 52,142,388
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:				
Buildings	\$ 7,945,103	\$ 412,983	\$ -	\$ 8,358,086
Improvements other than Buildings	89,580	5,962	-	95,542
Machinery & Equipment	9,807,949	947,415	789,390	9,965,974
Infrastructure	10,391,408	251,958	18,485	10,624,881
Right-of-use asset		19,808		19,808
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$28,234,040	\$1,638,126	\$ 807,875	\$ 29,064,291
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net	\$21,119,885	\$ 1,985,135	\$ 26,923	\$ 23,078,097
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$23,106,934	\$2,325,481	\$ 291,956	\$ 25,140,459

Right-of-Use Assets

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right of use of another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in a contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The City is party to a several lease contracts as lessee for which right-of-use (ROU) has been recognized as an asset on the balance sheet. The recognition is new for the current fiscal year due to the implementation of GASB 87.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

Lease right-of-use asset activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance (As restated)	Increases	Ending Balance	
Copy machines Total Leased Assets	\$ 65,329 65,329	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 65,329 65,329
Less accumulated amortization for: Copy machines		(19,808)		(19,808)
Total accumulated amortization Net Total Leased Assets	\$ 65,329	(19,808) \$ (19,808)		(19,808) \$ 45,521

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

General Administration	\$ 73,017
Judicial	47,876
Public Facilities	4,410
Public Safety	445,076
Environmental Protection	7,544
Public Transportation	939,168
Health & Paupers Care	67,635
Elections	11,957
Recreation	41,443
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,638,126

E. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the government-wide statements was as follows:

	General Fund	Road Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Net Tax Revenue Advanced Tax Collections	\$ 12,297,608 7,543,739	\$4,917,575 2,897,738	\$ 435,534 244,827	\$ 17,650,717 10,686,304
Total Deferred Revenue	\$ 19,841,347	\$7,815,313	\$ 680,361	\$ 28,337,021

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plan

PLAN DESCRIPTION

Panola County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide, agent multiple-employer, Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). Each employer has its own defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees (except temporary staff) of a participating employer must be enrolled in the plan. The TCDRS issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034. The ACFR is also available at www.tcdrs.org.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages sixty and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals seventy-five or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employerfinanced monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	12/31/2021
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	180
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	100
Active employees	180
	460

FUNDING POLICY

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually. It was 23.50% for calendar year 2021 and 2022. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the Commissioners' Court of the County. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the option 60 in the TCDRS Act.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.50%Overall payroll growth3.00%Investment rate of return7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA"), and one is not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculation or in the funding valuation.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.50% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.70% per year for a career employee.

Mortality rates for active members were based on 135% of the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Mortality rates for service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members were based on the 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the 160% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The actuarial cost method was Entry Age Normal, as required by GASB 68. Straight-line amortization over Expected Working Life with a 5-year smoothing period, and a non-asymptotic recognition method with no corridor were utilized in the actuarial calculations.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2021, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

LONG TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2021. The following target asset allocation was adopted by the TCDRS board in March 2021. The geometric real rate of return is net of inflation, assumed at 2.0%.

			Geometric Real
			Rate of Return
		Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities - Developed	d MSCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	3.80%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leverage Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	x 4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%		
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (ML	FAlerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity &	25.00%	6.80%
	Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾		
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of		
	Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%
		100.000/	

100.00%

Geometric Real

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2021 TCDRS Board meeting

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assume

2.6% per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.60%. Using the alternative method, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments based on the funding requirements under the County's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the County is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The County's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.
- 5. Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown below are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2021.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a net pension asset of \$6,324,317. The changes in net pension liability were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Tota	l Pension	Pla	Plan Fiduciary		let Pension	
	Liability		N	et Position	Lial	bility (Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/20	\$	77,969,297	\$	73,743,760	\$	4,225,537	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,665,959				1,665,959	
Interest		5,907,827				5,907,827	
Change in benefit terms		-				-	
Diff between expected/actual experience		1,941,104				1,941,104	
Changes of assumptions		(906,879)				(906,879)	
Refund of contributions		(92,999)		(92,999)		-	
Contributions - employer				2,548,949		(2,548,949)	
Contributions - employee				549,208		(549,208)	
Net investment income				16,108,961		(16,108,961)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of						-	
employee contributions		(3,779,295)		(3,779,295)		-	
Administrative expenses				(48,166)		48,166	
Other charges				(1,087)		1,087	
Net changes		4,735,717		15,285,571		(10,549,854)	
Balance at 12/31/21	\$	82,705,014	\$	89,029,331	\$	(6,324,317)	

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date and for the year then ended.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

DISCOUNT RATE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The following shows the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate (6.60%)		Discou	int Rate (7.60%)	Discount Rate (8.60%)			
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	5,059,326	\$	(6,324,317)	\$	(15,748,039)		

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the County recognized pension expense of \$56,281.

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,455,828	\$	315,185	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,335,702		680,159	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-		10,098,213	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 519,219			
Total	\$ 4,310,749	\$	11,093,557	

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$519,219 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31							
2022	\$	(1,016,987)					
2023		(2,026,159)					
2024		(2,151,850)					
2025		(2,107,031)					
2026		-					
Thereafter		-					
	\$	(7,302,027)					

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Panola County contributes to two other post-employment benefit plans, (1) the Retiree Health Benefit Trust (RHBT) which is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan, and (2) a group term life insurance for all of its full-time employees and retirees through a statewide, multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system through the Texas County District Retirement System (the "TCDRS"). As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, the two plans had the following balances reported in the government-wide financial statements:

		Net OPEB			
	Total OPEB	Liability	Deferred	Deferred	OPEB
	Liability	(Asset)	Outflows	Inflows	Expense
Retiree Health Plan	N/A	\$ (3,388,958)	\$ 3,169,183	\$ 13,620,139	\$ 3,389,588
Supplemental Death Benefit	740,499	N/A	131,630	16,882	103,157
	\$ 740,499	\$ (3,388,958)	\$ 3,300,813	\$ 13,637,021	\$ 3,492,745

Detailed disclosures for each plan follow.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

1.Health Plan

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Panola County, Texas Retiree Health Benefit Trust (RHBT), also known as other post-employment benefits (OPEB) trust, is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan) administered by the County which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

By order 2007-23, dated November 26, 2007, enacted by the Commissioners' Court of Panola County, the County established the RHBT to provide for the payment of the health care insurance premiums for eligible retired employees, a continuation of a policy in effect for approximately thirty-six years prior to that date whereby the County provided certain group medical insurance continuation benefits to retirees of the County on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The entire cost of the retiree's medical insurance coverage is currently paid from the funds in the trust, but no direct subsidy of dependent coverage is provided. Order 2007-23 of Panola County also assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Commissioners' Court.

The RHBT is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

The County does not issue a separate financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the RHBT. However, the financial statements and the required supplementary information is included in the County's annual comprehensive financial report at pages 17 - 18 (financial statements) and page 57 (required supplementary information).

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The County funds the entire cost of retiree health insurance premiums. Medical benefits are provided through the Texas Association of Counties Insurance Pool (TAC). Retiree dependents and surviving spouses are eligible for coverage and may remain in the plan, but the retiree is responsible for the entire cost. There is no direct RHBT subsidy. Dependent premiums are collected from the participants and remitted to the insurance provider on a monthly basis.

Employees who retire at the age of sixty or above with 8 years of TCDRS service are eligible to remain in the medical plan, and employees who retire with 30 or more years of service are eligible to remain in the plan regardless of their age at retirement. Employees whose attained age and years of TCDRS service combine to equal or exceed seventy-five are also eligible.

Life insurance coverage is not available to retirees. Dental insurance is on a voluntary basis and is not subsidized by Panola County.

EMPLOYEES COVERED

At December 31, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	12/31/2022
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	120
Active employees	160
	280

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Calculations of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of plan costs. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspectives of the calculations. Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The following actuarial assumptions were used to determine the Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date	December 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.00%
Discount rate	4.31%
Discount Rate Basis	S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.00% - 8.50% *

*Initial trend rates are 8.5% for pre-Medicare and 6.0% for post-Medicare; with both rates grading down to an ultimate trend rate of 5.0%.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 table (sex distinct). Rates of disability were derived from a Society of Actuaries study. These were not tested against Panola County experience.

The actuarial valuation of RHBT assets was set at fair value of the cash and certificates of deposit comprising the investment account at the measurement date.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)								
	1	otal OPEB	Plan Fiduciary			Net OPEB			
		Liability	Ne	t Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)			
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)			
Balance at 12/31/20	\$	43,999,457	\$	35,683,816	\$	8,315,641			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		2,695,336		-		2,695,336			
Interest		961,913		676,768		285,145			
Change in benefit terms		-		-		-			
Diff between expected/actual experience		-		-		-			
Changes of assumptions		(13,729,273)		-		(13,729,273)			
Contributions - employer		-		2,437,165		(2,437,165)			
Contributions - employee		-		-		-			
Net investment income		-		-		-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of		-		-		-			
employee contributions		-		(1,481,358)		1,481,358			
Administrative expenses		-		-		-			
Other charges		-		-		-			
Net changes		(10,072,024)		1,632,575		(11,704,599)			
Balance at 12/31/21	\$	33,927,433	\$	37,316,391	\$	(3,388,958)			

The fiduciary net position of the Plan as a percent of total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2022 is 90.9%.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.31%, as well as what the RHBT net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.31) or one percentage point higher (5.31) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in		
	Discour	nt Rate (3.31%)	Discou	nt Rate (4.31%)	Discount Rate (5.31%)			
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,837,161	\$	(3,388,958)	\$	(7,623,519)		

HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The following schedule presents the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% I	Decrease in	1% Increase in				
	Tr	Trend Rates Current Trend Rates			Trend Rates		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(8,101,114)	\$	(3,388,958)	\$	2,622,746	

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

OPEB LIABILITIES, OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$3,389,588.

The County's Net OPEB Liability reported for the year ended December 31, 2022 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that same date.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the County at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 33,927,433
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 37,316,391
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (3,388,958)

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$ - 3,169,183 -	\$	- 13,620,139 -	
Total	\$ 3,169,183	\$	13,620,139	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	September 30
2023	(1,146,169)
2024	(1,146,169)
2025	(1,146,169)
2026	(1,146,169)
2027	(1,006,095)
Thereafter	(4,860,181)
	\$ (10,450,953)

2.Supplemental Death Benefits Plan

PLAN DESCRIPTION.

The County provides group term life insurance for all of its full-time employees and retirees through a statewide, multipleemployer, public-employee retirement system through the Texas County District Retirement System (the "TCDRS"). The fund for this benefit is a separate trust administered by TCDRS. The fund receives monthly premiums and pays benefits when due. The obligations of the program are payable only from this fund, and are not an obligation of, or a claim against, the TCDRS Pension Trust Fund. The fund's assets are pooled with those of the Pension Trust Fund under the provisions of the TCDRS Act and annually receive an allocation of income based on the fund value. The TCDRS issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

Current employees of the plan are insured for an amount equivalent to the employee's current annual compensation. Employers may also choose to cover retirees. Retirees are insured for \$5,000. Life insurance proceeds are payable as a lump sum. The coverage provided to retirees is a post-employment benefit other than pension benefits.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

The County contributes to the program at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed, and the contractual rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The premium rate is expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of members employed by the County. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the employer contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The program is voluntary, and the County can cease participation at any time. Therefore, the funding policy of the program is to ensure that adequate resources are available to meet all insurance benefit payments for the upcoming year. It is not the intent of the fund policy to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Contribution Rates							
	2021	2022					
Employee	0.00%	0.00%					
Employer	.50%	.50%					
Fiscal year 2021 employer contributions		\$ 40,800					
Fiscal year 2021 employee contributions		\$0					

The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2021 were equal to the required contributions.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The Group Term Life Fund (GTLF) is an optional cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is administered by the Texas County District Retirement System (TCDRS). It provides death benefits to active and, if elected, retired employees of participating employers. The financing objective of the GTLF is to operate as a group term insured benefit, charging each employer its premium based on current actuarial assumptions and its own demographic membership (number of active and retired members covered by the GTLF). The funding of the GTLF is in accordance with Section 845.406 of the TCDRS statute. Contribution rates are established as a percentage of pay.

The GTLF provides death benefits to both active and retired members. Each participating employer can elect to cover just active members, or active and retired members. The required contribution rates for funding purposes are equal to a premium rate that is individually determined for each participating employer annually and is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees and retirees covered by the fund and the demographics specific to the workforce of the participating employer. The rate is expressed as a percentage of the compensation of members employed by the participating employer. The required contributions are determined using a one-year term cost funding method.

Employers who participate in the TCDRS retirement plan may elect to participate in the GTLF. Employers may elect to cover members who are active employees only or both members who are active employees and retirees and may elect to change or discontinue coverage annually.

The County must have elected the applicable Group Term Life coverage for the calendar year in which a member who is an active employee or retiree dies. If death occurs while the member is actively employed, the benefit is an amount equal to the employee's most recent regular annualized salary. The insurance benefit payable upon the death of a retiree is \$5,000.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Straight-Line amortization over expected
Amortization Method	working life.
Remaining Amortization Period	N/A
Asset Valuation Method	N/A
Inflation	N/A
Salary Increases	N/A
Investment Rate of Return	2.06%
Retirement Age	N/A
Mortality	135% of the PUB-2010 General Healthy
	Retirees Amount-weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the MP-2021 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Changes in Plan Provisions	None

DISCOUNT RATE.

The OPEB plan has been determined to be an unfunded OPEB plan. Therefore, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was the municipal bond rate of 2.06%. The current discount rate is a decrease from the previous year's discount rate of 2.12%.

CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY:

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a total OPEB liability of \$740,499, the changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Increas	Increase/(Decrease)			
	Total OPEB				
	I	jability			
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	709,039			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		18,960			
Interest		15,202			
Change of benefit terms		-			
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,864			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		14,402			
Benefit payments		(21,968)			
Net changes		31,460			
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	740,499			

The total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date and for the year then ended.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

DISCOUNT RATE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS.

The following shows the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.06%) or one percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current rate.

	1% D	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Discoun	Discount Rate (1.06%) Discount Rate (2.06%)				nt Rate (3.06%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	888.101	\$	740.499	\$	626.092

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$103,157.

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		5,767 111,014 14,849	\$	6,393 10,489 -	
Total	\$	131,630	\$	16,882	

The County had \$14,849 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31							
2022	\$	29,378					
2023		40,217					
2024		15,150					
2025		15,154					
2026		-					
Thereafter		-					
	\$	99,899					

H. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. At no time during the last three fiscal years have claims exceeded commercial coverage.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

I. Leases

The County is involved in several leasing arrangements for office equipment. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, all leases were analyzed and classified as either qualified or non-qualified leases, for both lessor and lessee positions. With this implementation, a respective receivable or payable is recognized.

Lessee Leases payable

The County has entered into multiple leases for office equipment. Lease payables at the beginning of the year were \$65,329. No new leases were entered into during the year ended December 31, 2022. Payments reduced lease liabilities by \$19,025 during the year. Annual payments range from \$669 to \$2,341. Interest rates were 4.22%. Future annual lease payables as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending			Total
December 31	Principal	Interest	Payments
2023	19,603	1,578	21,181
2024	14,468	820	15,288
2025	9,655	319	9,974
2026	2,578	21	2,599
Total future payments	\$ 46,304	\$ 2,738	\$ 49,042

J. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	January 1, 2022		Additions		Additions Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		De	cember 31, 2022	 e Within ne Year
Compensated Absences	\$	243,919	\$	-	\$	2,579	\$	241,340	\$ 14,480				
Lease Liability		65,329		-		19,025		46,304	19,603				
Net OPEB Liability - Death		709,039		31,460		-		740,499	-				
Net Pension Liability		4,225,537		-		4,225,537		-	-				
Net OPEB Liability - Health		8,315,641		-		8,315,641		-	-				
Total Governmental Activity													
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	13,559,465	\$	31,460	\$	12,562,782	\$	1,028,143	\$ 34,083				

Compensated absences, Net Pension Liability, and the OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the General Fund or the Road & Bridge Fund, depending upon which fund records the employee's salary.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

K. Governmental Fund Balances

Components of non-spendable fund balance and specific purposes for restricted and committed fund balances as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	General Fund	Revent AR	Special ie Fund PA nd	Major Spect Revenue Fut Road & Brid Fund	nd	Other Funds		Total
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	44,760	\$	44,760
Deposit	-		126,288		-	-		126,288
Restricted:								
Road & Bridge maintenance	-		-	8,665,8	59	2,316,629		10,982,488
Law Library	-		-		-	94,462		94,462
Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	-		-		-	167		167
Courthouse Security	-		-		-	250,032		250,032
Records Management & Preservation	-		-		-	1,165,069		1,165,069
Court Technology	-		-		-	138,105		138,105
VIT Interest	-		-		-	2,440		2,440
Elections	-		-		-	25,872		25,872
Adult Probation	-		-		-	82,686		82,686
Juvenile Probation	-		-		-	515,605		515,605
Law Enforcement	-		-		-	87,054		87,054
District Attorney	-		-		-	163,393		163,393
American Rescue Plan	-		55,479		-	-		55,479
Child Protective Services	-		-		-	146,923		146,923
Health	-		-		-	3,925,896		3,925,896
Airport	-		-		-	443,667		443,667
Committed:								
Right-of-Way Purchases	-		-		-	304,613		304,613
Airport Improvements	-		-		-	239,370		239,370
Jail Improvement						477		477
Unassigned	21,795,097		-		-	-		21,795,097
Total Fund Balances	\$21,795,097	\$	181,767	\$ 8,665,8	59 3	\$ 9,947,220	\$	40,589,943

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

L. Interfund Balances and Transfers

There were no interfund balances as of December 31, 2022. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

		Transfers In Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
	-	Child					
	J	Juvenile		otective			
	S	Services		ervices			
		Fund		Fund	Totals		
Transfers Out							
General Fund	\$	224,823	\$	30,000	\$ 254,823		
Total	\$	224,823	\$	30,000	\$ 254,823		

The purpose of these transfers was to supplement revenue.

M. Contingent Liabilities

The County is contingently liable in respect of lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized. The County's liability in specific cases is limited because of the Tort Claims Act to \$100,000. The County's legal counsel is of the opinion that, should the plaintiff prevail in any cases, the County's liability would be limited by the Tort Claims Act and would be covered by insurance.

The former Panola General Hospital adopted a program of self-insurance for professional liability pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Panola County Commissioners' Court. The former Hospital had no history of professional liability claims upon which to base an accrual; therefore, a provision for accrued liability claims is not provided for in the financial statements. Any claims successfully asserted against the former Hospital are planned to be paid from the County Health Care Special Revenue Fund.

The County is not a member of a public entity risk pool as defined by GASB Statement No. 10. The County manages and finances risk by purchasing commercial insurance and by retaining the risk of loss. All known claims related to the year ending December 31, 2022 have been accrued and expensed in the current financial statements. Disclosure of loss contingencies will be made when there is a reasonable possibility that a loss has been incurred. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the current year.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

N. Commitments

During the course of routine business of the County, contracts and agreements are entered into for various products and services. Although appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year, the County intends to honor any existing commitments and provide for future expenditures by inclusion in the next budget period.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - continued

O. Tax Abatements

The County enters into property tax abatements agreements with local business under the State Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act, chapter 312, as well as its own guidelines and criteria, which is required under the Act. Under the Act, including its guidelines and criteria, the County may grant property tax abatements for economic projects under the program that provide an increase of at least \$1,000,000 in property values, or an annual payroll increase of \$400,000 or the creation of one hundred new permanent full-time jobs. Abatements are granted up to 100% over a period of time specified on an individual basis. Abatement is given to provide significant, long-term, positive economic impact to the community using local contractors and the resident workforce to the maximum extent feasible and by developing, redeveloping and improving real estate within the County. The County's goal in providing tax abatements is to create additional jobs.

Uses available for tax abatement include local expanding industries as well as newly recruited businesses.

On August 7, 2018, the Commissioners' Court approved a tax abatement agreement between Panola County, Texas and TECO Gas Processing LLC ("TECO") effective on the January 1, 2019 tax valuation date.

In the event of termination of the agreement with TECO, all taxes previously abated will be recaptured by the County and paid by TECO within sixty (60) days of termination, together with penalties and interest.

Termination of the agreement with TECO could occur if TECO fails to commence construction of the Project within one (1) year after the effective date, if TECO allows its Ad Valorem Taxes on the Project owed to the county to become delinquent or violate any terms and conditions of the agreement.

Per the agreement, TECO will receive a 100% tax abatement each year for a period of 10 years beginning January 1, 2019 in return for payments in lieu of taxes. TECO made the first payment of \$1,000,000 in 2019. Per the agreement payment schedule, TECO will make payments of \$141,054 for each year 2021-2029. To date, TECO has made all required payments.

P. Prior Period Adjustment

During 2022, it was determined that the road materials donated in 2021 had been utilized in a manner that met the criteria for capitalization. As a result, the beginning government wide net position and the County's beginning infrastructure was increased by \$3,633,966 as of January 1, 2022. There was no effect on the fund level financial statements.

Q. Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated subsequent events through June 8, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County Judge is by statute the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budgeting procedures, the County Judge sets forth budget guidelines and recommendations to the Commissioners' Court. The County's budget is prepared annually on a modified accrual basis.

A public hearing is held on the budget by the Commissioners' Court. Department heads and any other interested citizens may appear. Before adopting the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the Judge. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available cash. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. The level of control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is on a line-item basis by department.

Budgeting is done in accordance with GAAP. The County does not utilize a formal encumbrance accounting system.

Amendments may not be made during the year without approval by the Commissioners' Court. The final amended budget is used in this report. Supplemental budgetary appropriations were approved during the year. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following funds had legally adopted budgets:

General Fund
Road and Bridge Fund
Law Library Fund
County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention Fund
Courthouse Security Fund
Records Management Fund
County & District Court Tech Fund
Court Record Preservation Fund
District Court Records Technology Fund
District Clerk Records Management & Preservation Fund

County Clerk Records Preservation Fund Records Archive Fees Fund Justice Court Technology Fund Farm to Market and Lateral Road Fund Child Protective Services Fund Health Care Fund Airport Fund 1971 Road Bond Fund Permanent Improvement Fund Jail Improvement Fund

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	BUDGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	OMORAL	THUL	nereni	
PROPERTY TAXES				
Current	\$ 16,194,150	\$ 16,194,150	\$ 15,714,802	\$ (479,348
Delinquent	163,743	163,743	951,671	787,928
Total Property Taxes	16,357,893	16,357,893	16,666,473	308,580
INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIPTS				
Total Intergovernmental Receipts	443,502	465,617	542,454	76,837
FEES OF OFFICE				
County Judge	6,000	207	207	
Sheriff	20,000	20,000	25,556	5,556
District Attorney	1,000	1,000	1,387	383
County Clerk	176,000	176,000	278,312	102,312
Tax Assessor-Collector	400,000	400,000	441,317	41,31
District Clerk	35,000	35,000	50,012	15,012
County Treasurer	18,000	15,156	15,156	
Justices of the Peace	133,100	77,182	77,183	
Total Fees of Office	789,100	724,545	889,130	164,58
MISCELLANEOUS				
Interest Earned	184,280	286,261	573,912	287,65
Hospital Collections	-	-	210	21
Time Payment EFTIC	500	500	558	5
Vital Archive - County Clerk	500	500	2,085	1,58
Judiciary Support Fee	1,000	110	110	
Jury donations to Veteran's Service Office	-	-	1,120	1,12
Miscellaneous	122,204	235,305	308,164	72,85
Exposition Building	-	-	2,000	2,00
County Clerk Civil	1,000	-	-	
Family Protection Fee	2,000	-	-	
Child Safety Fee	34,000	34,254	34,254	
Child Abuse Prevention	-	-	37	3
CLC Justice of the Peace Fees	7,000	7,000	7,505	50.
Court Facility Fee	-	-	9,338	9,33
Language Access Fund	-	-	2,604	2,604
County Jury Fund	-	-	3,585	3,58
Court Initiated Gaurdianship	-	-	3,840	3,840
Justice Court Support Fee	-	-	8,300	8,300
Miscellaneous Unclaimed Funds	-	-	1,076	1,076
Panola County Auction Interest Earnings			37	37
Total Miscellaneous	352,484	563,930	958,735	394,805
Total Revenues	\$ 17,942,979	\$ 18,111,985	\$ 19,056,792	\$ 944,807

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	BUDGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION		* ***	* ***	
County Judge	\$ 236,083	\$ 207,550	\$ 203,043	\$ 4,507
Commissioners	401,757	401,759	399,469	2,290
County Clerk	452,998	452,029	435,133	16,896
Veteran's Service Officer	142,063	141,823	136,695	5,128
Airport	104,694	106,594	101,347	5,247
IT Department	89,097	89,097	88,961	136
Miscellaneous and Non-Departmental	3,642,959	3,542,551	3,378,163	164,388
Total General Administration	5,069,651	4,941,403	4,742,811	198,592
JUDICIAL				
District Court	171,604	172,829	163,890	8,939
County Court at Law	484,359	483,524	473,701	9,823
District Clerk	410,459	410,459	392,662	17,797
Justices of the Peace Pct. 1 and 4	236,583	231,887	223,541	8,346
Justices of the Peace Pct. 2 and 3	240,133	225,462	216,989	8,473
Bailiffs, Jurors and Law Books	94,684	94,684	78,296	16,388
Total Judicial	1,637,822	1,618,845	1,549,079	69,766
LEGAL				
District Attorney	679,423	688,864	578,492	110,372
Lawsuits	11,000	11,000	5,597	5,403
Total Legal	690,423	699,864	584,089	115,775
ELECTIONS				
Total Election Judges, Clerks,				
and Supplies	60,740	80,893	61,492	19,401
Total Voter Registration	145,978	151,412	150,514	898
Total Elections	206,718	232,305	212,006	20,299
FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION				
Auditor	355,873	355,573	338,377	17,196
Treasurer	239,170	239,770	235,772	3,998
Tax Assessor-Collector	604,069	602,969	564,835	38,134
Total Financial Administration	1,199,112	1,198,312	1,138,984	59,328
PUBLIC FACILITIES				
Building Maintenance	376,742	386,766	300,212	86,554
Total Public Facilities	376,742	386,766	300,212	86,554

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	BUDGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES (cont'd.)		<u> </u>		
PUBLIC SAFETY				
SHERIFF				
Sheriff	3,770,932	3,817,293	3,568,960	248,333
Constable Pct. 1 & 4	171,978	171,978	159,029	12,949
Constable Pct. 2 & 3	208,999	212,375	204,947	7,428
Corrections	2,413,585	2,429,550	2,266,055	163,495
Rural Addressing	81,860	80,460	76,221	4,239
Highway Patrol	69,526	69,526	65,183	4,343
Fire Safety	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Total Public Safety	6,718,380	6,782,682	6,341,895	440,787
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION				
Trash Disposal	280,000	282,284	283,785	(1,501)
Total Environmental Protection	280,000	282,284	283,785	(1,501)
HEALTH AND PAUPERS CARE				
Total Health and Paupers Care	657,100	712,954	621,612	91,342
Library	384,456	386,009	364,805	21,204
Youth Programs	17,000	17,000	13,997	3,003
Total Recreation	401,456	403,009	378,802	24,207
CONSERVATION				
Extension Service	126,048	126,048	109,562	16,486
Total Conservation	126,048	126,048	109,562	16,486

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	BUDGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES (cont'd.) CAPITAL OUTLAY GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
Total Capital Outlay	449,251	583,507	681,074	(97,567)
Total Expenditures	17,812,703	17,967,979	16,943,911	1,024,068
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	130,276	144,006	2,112,881	1,968,875
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from leases Transfers In Transfers Out Interest expense - GASB 87	(254,823)	(254,823)	65,329 (254,823) (2,157)	65,329 - - (2,157)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(254,823)	(254,823)	(191,651)	63,172
Net Change in Fund Balance	(124,547)	(110,817)	1,921,230	2,032,047
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	19,873,867	19,873,867	19,873,867	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 19,749,320	\$ 19,763,050	\$ 21,795,097	\$ 2,032,047

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ROAD AND BRIDGE DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	BUDGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes:				
Taxes - current	5,816,732	5,816,732	6,012,475	\$ 195,743
Taxes - delinquent	93,317	93,317	351,379	258,062
Total Property Taxes	5,910,049	5,910,049	6,363,854	453,805
Licenses				
Motor Vehicle Registration	350,000	350,000	361,270	11,270
Total Licenses	350,000	350,000	361,270	11,270
Intergovernmental Receipts				
TXDOT CTIF Grant	100,000	614,575	614,575	-
State Lateral Road Fund	29,000	29,000	29,393	393
Weight and Axle Fees	45,000	45,000	54,315	9,315
Total Intergovernmental Receipts	174,000	688,575	698,283	9,708
Fines:				
County and District Court Fees	354,000	354,000	386,940	32,940
Total Fines	354,000	354,000	386,940	32,940
Other Revenues and Fees:				
Interest	75,030	79,358	163,588	84,230
Miscellaneous	-	172,906	178,755	5,849
Tax Abatement	141,054	141,054	141,054	
Total Other Revenues and Fees	216,084	393,318	483,397	90,079
Total Revenues	7,004,133	7,695,942	8,293,744	597,802

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ROAD AND BRIDGE DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	BUDGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES				
PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION				
MAINTENANCE-ROADS AND BRIDGES				
Total Precinct 1	1,227,888	1,214,216	1,046,704	167,512
Total Precinct 2	1,318,006	1,218,006	905,442	312,564
Total Precinct 3	1,166,437	1,167,396	872,265	295,131
Total Precinct 4	1,460,197	1,406,247	1,226,967	179,280
Total Maintenance-Roads and Bridges	5,172,528	5,005,865	4,051,378	954,487
CAPITAL OUTLAY-ROAD AND BRIDGES				
Total Precinct 1	447,800	1,057,977	1,047,830	10,147
Total Precinct 2	405,743	654,987	636,463	18,524
Total Precinct 3	498,635	732,686	839,591	(106,905)
Total Precinct 4	623,259	688,259	691,168	(2,909)
Total Capital Outlay	1,975,437	3,133,909	3,215,052	(81,143)
Total Expenditures	7,147,965	8,139,774	7,266,430	873,344
Net Change in Fund Balance	(143,832)	(443,832)	1,027,314	1,471,146
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,638,545	7,638,545	7,638,545	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 7,494,713	\$ 7,194,713	\$ 8,665,859	\$ 1,471,146

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	N	leasurement Year 2021	М	leasurement Year 2020	М	leasurement Year 2019	N	leasurement Year 2018	М	leasurement Year 2017	М	leasurement Year 2016	Μ	leasurement Year 2015	М	easurement Year 2014
Total Pension Liability																
Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	\$	1,665,959 5,907,827 (906,879) 1,941,104 (3,872,293)	\$	1,379,474 5,646,758 - 4,671,406 (288,048) (3,479,991)	\$	1,337,016 5,423,679 - (684,650) (3,253,334)	\$	1,412,722 5,157,434 (142,573) (2,883,657)	\$	1,528,882 5,073,643 (999,472) (1,674,570) (2,676,104)	\$	1,627,854 4,744,127 - (562,543) (2,275,968)	\$	1,457,414 4,457,975 (206,371) 1,029,006 (661,728) (2,173,650)	\$	1,429,368 4,184,774 - - (601,515) (1,944,467)
Net change in total pension liability		4,735,718		7,929,599		2,822,711		3,543,926		1,252,379		3,533,470		3,902,646		3,068,160
Total pension liability, beginning		77,969,297		70,039,698		67,216,987		63,673,061		62,420,682		58,887,212		54,984,566		51,916,406
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	82,705,015	\$	77,969,297	\$	70,039,698	\$	67,216,987	\$	63,673,061	\$	62,420,682	\$	58,887,212	\$	54,984,566
Fiduciary Net Position																
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$	2,548,949 549,208 16,108,961 (3,872,293) (48,166) (1,087)	\$	2,544,980 548,027 6,945,922 (3,479,991) (53,960) (4,787)	\$	2,406,602 506,809 9,540,886 (3,253,334) (51,242) (2,272)	\$	2,371,955 496,481 (1,104,109) (2,883,656) (46,663) 5,496	\$	2,438,959 516,439 7,520,633 (2,676,104) (39,408) 3,372	\$	2,531,576 544,034 3,493,015 (2,275,968) (38,018) 52,769	\$	2,489,599 531,525 (1,037,364) (2,173,649) (34,088) 26,592	\$	3,353,570 505,905 2,863,212 (1,944,467) (34,814) (226,419)
Net change in fiduciary net position		15,285,572		6,500,191		9,147,449		(1,160,496)		7,763,891		4,307,408		(197,385)		4,516,987
Fiduciary net position, beginning		73,743,760		67,243,569		58,096,120		59,256,616		51,492,725		47,185,317		47,382,702		42,865,715
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	89,029,332	\$	73,743,760	\$	67,243,569	\$	58,096,120	\$	59,256,616	\$	51,492,725	\$	47,185,317	\$	47,382,702
Net pension liability/(asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$	(6,324,317)	\$	4,225,537	\$	2,796,129	\$	9,120,867	\$	4,416,445	\$	10,927,957	\$	11,701,895	\$	7,601,864
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		96.01%		96.01%		96.01%		85.32%		92.00%		86.34%		86.79%		92.21%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	7,845,829	\$	7,828,957	\$	7,240,126	\$	7,092,592	\$	7,377,699	\$	7,771,911	\$	7,593,216	\$	7,227,213
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		-80.61%		53.97%		38.62%		128.60%		59.86%		140.61%		154.11%		105.18%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll					
2015	1,026,264	3,353,570	(2,327,306)	7,227,213	46.40%					
2016	636,311	2,489,599	(1,853,288)	7,593,216	32.79%					
2017	479,527	2,531,576	(2,052,049)	7,771,911	32.57%					
2018	453,728	2,438,959	(1,985,231)	7,377,699	33.06%					
2019	392,220	2,371,955	(1,979,735)	7,092,592	33.44%					
2020	246,888	2,406,602	(2,159,714)	7,240,126	33.24%					
2021	200,421	2,554,980	(2,354,559)	7,828,957	32.63%					
2022	69,828	2,548,949	(2,479,121)	7,845,829	32.49%					
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CO	ONTRIBUTIONS									
The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.										
Valuation Timing			Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.							
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age								
Amortization Method		Level percentage	of payroll, closed							
Remaining Amortization Period		0.0 years (based	s (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2019 valuation)							
Asset Valuation Method		5-year smoothed	fair value							
Inflation		2.75%								
Salary Increases		Varies by age and	d service. 4.90% av	verage over career, inclu	ading inflation					
Investment Rate of Return		7.50%, net of adr	ninistrative and inv	vestment expenses, inclu	uding inflation					
Retirement Age		Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.								
Mortality		the RP-2014 Hea	•	itant Mortality Tables a rtality Tables for female e scale after 2014.						

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost Interest	\$ 2,695,336 961,913	\$ 2,425,022 907,101	\$ 1,980,177 1,055,276	\$ 1,384,904 1,278,599	\$ 1,666,934 1,081,229
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	 (13,729,273)	 304,553	 793,780	 4,069,609	 (2,711,856)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(10,072,024)	3,636,676	3,829,233	6,733,112	36,307
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 43,999,457	 40,362,781	 36,533,548	 29,800,436	 29,764,129
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	\$ 33,927,433	\$ 43,999,457	\$ 40,362,781	\$ 36,533,548	\$ 29,800,436
Fiduciary Net Position					
Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses Other	\$ 2,437,165 676,768 (1,481,358)	\$ 2,387,048 342,715 (1,451,099)	\$ 1,835,796 618,018 (1,441,446) -	\$ 1,955,842 759,587 (1,380,211) -	\$ 1,746,235 571,536 (1,267,612)
Net change in fiduciary net position	1,632,575	1,278,664	1,012,368	1,335,218	1,050,159
Fiduciary net position, beginning	 35,683,816	 34,405,152	 33,392,784	 32,057,566	 31,007,407
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 37,316,391	\$ 35,683,816	\$ 34,405,152	\$ 33,392,784	\$ 32,057,566
Net OPEB liability/(asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (3,388,958)	\$ 8,315,641	\$ 5,957,629	\$ 3,140,764	\$ (2,257,130)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability	109.99%	81.10%	85.24%	91.40%	107.57%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,942,357	\$ 7,612,324	\$ 7,647,125	\$ 7,333,874	\$ 7,139,612
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	-42.67%	109.24%	77.91%	42.83%	-31.61%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ending September 30		Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution		Defi	ribution ciency acess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF C	\$ ONTRI	1,746,235 1,955,842 1,835,796 2,061,207 2,437,165 BUTIONS	\$	1,746,235 1,955,842 1,835,796 2,061,207 2,437,165	\$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	7,139,612 7,333,874 7,647,125 7,612,324 7,942,357	24.5% 26.7% 24.0% 27.1% 30.7%		
			The scl	hedule will prese	nt 10 years o	f information	once it i	s accumulated.			
Valuation Date	Decem	December 31, 2022									
Actuarial Cost Method			Entry A	Age Normal							
Discount Rate			4.31%								
Healthcare cost trend rates				al/Rx Post-65: 6.0 al/Rx Pre-65: 8.5		creasing to an	ultimate	rate of 5.00%			
Retirement Age			benefit	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.							
Mortality - Active Participants				s, projected to 20	2		•	or males, set back 4 ith 110% of Scale M	•		
Mortality - Inactive Participants				12 Combined M AA and projected	2		•	r males, projected t eafter.	to 2014 with		
Mortality - Disabled Participant	s			12 Disabled Mon AA and projected	•		•	females, projected eafter.	to 2014 with		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total OPEB liability	M6	easurement Year 2021	Me	easurement Year 2020	M	easurement Year 2019	Measurement Year 2018		Measurement Year 2017	
Service Cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$	18,960 15,202	\$	16,376 17,386	\$	11,174 20,183	\$	15,401 18,588	\$	13,821 19,431
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments		4,864 14,402 (21,968)		(3,479) 71,264 (21,138)		4,690 120,637 (18,100)		(8,199) (52,453) (16,313)		(14,610) 22,356 (16,231)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		31,460		80,409		138,584		(42,976)		24,767
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		709,039		628,630		490,046		533,022		508,255
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	740,499	\$	709,039	\$	628,630	\$	490,046	\$	533,022
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	7,845,829	\$	7,828,957	\$	7,240,126	\$	7,092,592	\$	7,377,699
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		9.44%		9.06%		8.68%		6.91%		7.22%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Valuation Date:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year
	basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which
	the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)	2.06%20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2021.
Disability	Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age. Rates of disability are in a customer table based on TCDRS experience.
Mortality - Depositing Members	135% of the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Mortality - Service Retirees, Beneficiaries, and Non-Depositing Members	135% of the Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Mortality - Disables Retirees	160% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Other Information:	The Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).





ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>LAW LIBRARY FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the maintenance and operations of a library open to all residents of the County. Financing is provided by fees collected in connection with court costs.

<u>JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for fees collected for the prevention of juvenile delinquency and graffiti eradication.

<u>COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND</u> – This fund was created to finance the cost of providing security services for buildings housing a district or county court. It is funded by fees collected on felony or misdemeanor convictions.

<u>RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND</u> – This fund is to be used for the management of the County records and is similar to the Records Preservation Fund.

<u>COUNTY & DISTRICT COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for fees paid by defendants in county and district courts to be used to fund costs of education and training regarding technological enhancements and for purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements, including computer systems, networks, hardware, software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

<u>COURT RECORD PRESERVATION FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for fees paid in each civil case filed in a county or district court to be used only to digitize court records to preserve them from natural disasters.

<u>DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECHNOLOGY FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for fees paid by defendants in district court to be used to fund costs of education and training regarding technological enhancements and for purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements, including computer systems, networks, hardware, software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

<u>DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT & PRESERVATION FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of the District Clerk's statutory document preservation fee and the expenditure of those fees for records management and preservation services.

<u>RECORDS PRESERVATION FUND</u> – This fund is to be used for records preservation services performed by the County Clerk after the filing and recording of a document in the records of the office of the clerk.

<u>RECORD ARCHIVE FEES FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the preservation and restoration services of any instrument, document, or paper maintained by the County Clerk. According to statutes governing this fee, "record archive" means public documents filed with the county clerk before January 1, 1990.

<u>JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND</u> – This fund was created to finance the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court. It is funded by fees on misdemeanor convictions.

<u>VIT INTEREST FUND</u> – This fund was created to account for interest earned on the County's vehicle inventory tax escrow account, which is used for the administration of the prepayment procedure.

<u>ELECTION SERVICES CONTRACT FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with various contracts with other local governments in which County provides election services.

<u>FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD FUND</u> – This fund is similar to the Road and Bridge Fund. Primary sources of revenues are ad valorem taxes. These taxes are authorized by the State and allow counties to include in their tax rates ad valorem taxes levied by the State in previous years.

<u>COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND CORRECTIONS FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures generated by the Community Supervision and Correction Department in the supervision and administration of probationers reportable to the 123rd jurisdiction. Financing is provided by probation fees collected by the department and funding by the State of Texas based on probationers' supervision caseloads. Payment of operating expenditures is administered by the County.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>DRUG COURT FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Panola County Drug Court Program. Financing is provided by monies collected through fines and funding from Panola County. This program is operated by the 123rd Judicial District Community Supervision and Corrections Department.

<u>JUVENILE PROBATION FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the supervision and administration of juvenile probationers reportable in Panola County. Financing is provided by State aid. Fiscal services are provided by the County.

<u>HOT CHECK FEE FUND</u> – The scope of the District Attorney's responsibilities include the collection of "hot checks" issued to merchants and others in the County. A fee is assessed to the maker of the "hot check." These fees are generally available for use at the discretion of the District Attorney without Commissioners' Court approval.

<u>PRE-TRIAL INTERVENTION PROGRAM FUND</u> – Funding is collected from a defendant participating in a pretrial intervention program administered by the Criminal District Attorney.

<u>SHERIFF'S STATE FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for funds allocated by the State from drug money confiscated within County boundaries.

JAIL COMMISARY FUND – This fund is used to account for proceeds received from the sale of goods to inmates and expenditures of same.

<u>CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds received from the Coronavirus Relief Fund Grant received from the Texas Department of Emergency Management and to expend the funds to help alleviate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in Panola County.

<u>DISTRICT ATTORNEY LONGEVITY PAY SUPPLEMENT FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for funds received from the Criminal Justice Division. These funds are used to supplement the salary of the Assistant District Attorney.

<u>DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for the funds received after forfeiture proceedings are final involving drug cases where cash or property has been seized. State statutes governing these funds allow the monies to be used for illegal drug investigation matters. The funds do not require approval by the Commissioners' Court. However, the District Attorney is required to submit a budget to the Court before expenditures are made.

<u>STATE APPORTIONMENT D.A. FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures used for purposes of the Criminal District Attorney's Office. It is used primarily to defray salary expenses of the District Attorney Office employees. Funding is provided by the State of Texas.

<u>CONSTABLE PCT. 1 & 4 STATE FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for state funds received after forfeiture proceedings are final involving cases where cash or property has been seized. State statutes governing these funds allow the monies to be used for investigation matters.

<u>CONSTABLE PCT. 2 & 3 STATE FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for state funds received after forfeiture proceedings are final involving cases where cash or property has been seized. State statutes governing these funds allow the monies to be used for investigation matters.

<u>SHERIFF FEDERAL FORFEITURE FUND</u> - This fund is used to account for funds allocated by the federal government from drug money confiscated within County boundaries.

<u>CDA FEDERAL FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for funds received from the federal government. These funds represent cash seized and forfeited relative to certain drug cases. Federal statutes governing these funds allow the monies to be used for investigation matters.

<u>CONSTABLE PCT. 2 & 3 FEDERAL FORFEITURE FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for federal funds received after forfeiture proceedings are final involving cases where cash or property has been seized. Federal statutes governing these funds allow the monies to be used for investigation matters.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for services which are provided to meet the needs of dependent and neglected children; children with special needs; and children in danger of being judged delinquent. Child Protective Services are governed by the Children's Services Board, which is funded in part by the County and is dependent upon the County for accomplishment of its purposes.

<u>HEALTH FUND</u> – This fund is used only to finance items related to providing health care to County residents, including indigent residents.

<u>AIRPORT FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for hangar rentals and miscellaneous upkeep of Sharpe Field, the airport serving Panola County. The Panola County Airport Authority Board serves as an advisory Board and is appointed by the Commissioners' Court.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

<u>1971 ROAD BOND FUND</u> – This fund is used to account for funds remaining from bonds that were issued in 1971 and have been retired. Remaining funds represent the excess of bond proceeds and accumulated earnings on investments over debt retirement and expenditures. The remaining funds are used primarily for right of way purchases and utility adjustments.

<u>PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND</u> - Currently, this fund is used to account for grants from the State and Federal Aviation Administration to be used for capital outlay expenditures of the County's airport.

JAIL IMPROVEMENT FUND - This fund is used to account for funds that are available for future improvements to the County Jail.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CUSTODIAL FUNDS

<u>AUTOMOBILE REGISTRATION</u> – This fund is used to account for activities related to automobile registration collections.

TAX ASSESSOR - COLLECTOR – This fund is used to account for activities related to ad valorem taxes.

<u>COUNTY CLERK</u> – This fund is used to account for transactions for two types of funds maintained by the County Clerk: operating and court cost deposits.

<u>DISTRICT CLERK</u> – This fund is used to account for transactions for three types of funds maintained by the District Clerk: funds held on behalf of individuals by court order, court cost deposits, and child support funds.

<u>COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND CORRECTION DEPARTMENT</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of probationers' fees, fines, restitution and attorney fees.

<u>JUVENILE PROBATION</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of restitution by the Juvenile Probation Department from juvenile offenders.

<u>CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE</u> – This fund, which is maintained by the Criminal District Attorney, is used to account for the processing of forfeited funds, pending court ordered distribution.

<u>CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY RESTITUTION</u> – The restitution fund, also maintained by the Criminal District Attorney, is used to collect and remit to merchants proceeds of collection of "hot checks."

<u>SHERIFF</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of monies by the Sheriff's office, for other county jurisdictions, other local governments, and fees of office.

<u>JAIL INMATE</u> – This fund is used to account for the funds held on behalf of inmates and used by the inmates to purchase commissary goods.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				SPECIAL	REVENUE FU	JNDS		
	LAW LIBRARY	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION	COURT- HOUSE SECURITY	RECORDS MANAGEMENT	COUNTY & DISTRICT COURT TECH	COURT RECORD PRESERVATION	DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECHNOLOGY	DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT & PRESERVATION
ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	41,355		62,774	25,360	7,913	15,786	23,939	18,960
Investments	54,000	-	187,000	6,000	-	-	-	-
Current Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delinquent Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	64	-	258	11	-	-	-	-
Inventory								
Total Assets	\$ 95,419	\$ 167	\$ 250,032	\$ 31,371	\$ 7,913	\$ 15,786	\$ 23,939	\$ 18,960
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable-Trade Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
				·				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted Committed	94,462	167	250,032	31,371	7,913	15,786	23,939	18,960
Total Fund Balances	94,462	167	250,032	31,371	7,913	15,786	23,939	18,960
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 95,419	\$ 167	\$ 250,032	\$ 31,371	\$ 7,913	\$ 15,786	\$ 23,939	\$ 18,960

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	RECORDS PRESERVATION	RECORDS ARCHIVE FEES	JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY	VIT INTEREST	ELECTION SERVICES CONTRACT	FM & LATERAL	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND CORRECTIONS	DRUG COURT			
ASSETS:											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	229,203	412,569	42,169	840	25,872	1,783,355	37,494	32,287			
Investments	403,000	53,000	64,000	-	-	916,407	-	-			
Current Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	241,283	-	-			
Delinquent Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	32,240	-	-			
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	(17,998)	-	-			
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-	44,829	-	-			
Miscellaneous	905	275	84	1,600	-	3,382	17,258	-			
Inventory		-									
Total Assets	\$ 633,108	\$ 465,844	\$ 106,253	\$ 2,440	\$ 25,872	\$ 3,003,498	\$ 54,752	\$ 32,287			
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable-Trade	-	-	-	-	-	6,508	4,353	-			
Total Liabilities	-	-		-		6,508	4,353	-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections	-	-	-	-	-	435,534 244,827	-	-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-		-		680,361					
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-			
Restricted Committed	633,108	465,844	106,253	2,440	25,872	2,316,629	50,399	32,287			
Total Fund Balances	633,108	465,844	106,253	2,440	25,872	2,316,629	50,399	32,287			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 633,108	\$ 465,844	\$ 106,253	\$ 2,440	\$ 25,872	\$ 3,003,498	\$ 54,752	\$ 32,287			

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS													
		VENILE BATION	С	HOT HECK FEE	INTER	-TRIAL VENTION OGRAM	5	ERIFF'S STATE RFEITURE		JAIL MISSARY	LON	T ATTY IGEVITY PAY <u>PLEMENT</u>		D.A. FEITURE
ASSETS:														
Cash and Cash Equivalents		331,847		16,626		22,571		14,426		39,476		332		36,682
Investments		200,000		21,000		-		23,000		-		-		4,000
Current Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Delinquent Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		48		-		-		38		390		-		1
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	531,895	\$	37,626	\$	22,571	\$	37,464	\$	39,866	\$	332	\$	40,683
LIABILITIES:														
Accounts Payable-Trade		16,290		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		16,290		-		-		-		-		-	·	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:														
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES:														
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		515,605		37,626		22,571		37,464		39,866		332		40,683
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		515,605		37,626		22,571		37,464		39,866		332		40,683
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	531,895	\$	37,626	\$	22,571	\$	37,464	\$	39,866	\$	332	\$	40,683

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	STATE APPORTION MENT - DA		CONSTABLE PCT. 2 & 3 STATE FORFEITURES	SHERIFF FEDERAL FORFEITURE	CDA FEDERAL FORFEITURE	CONSTABLE PCT. 2 & 3 FEDERAL FORFEITURES	CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,408	3 201	1,074	8,121	60,773	328	45,954			
Investments			-	-	-	-	101,000			
Current Taxes			-	-	-	-	-			
Delinquent Taxes			-	-	-	-	-			
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes			-	-	-	-	-			
Due from Other Governments			-	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous			-	-	-	-	229			
Inventory										
Total Assets	\$ 1,408	8 \$ 201	\$ 1,074	\$ 8,121	\$ 60,773	\$ 328	\$ 147,183			
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts Payable-Trade			-	-	-		260			
Total Liabilities					-		260			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Unavailable Revenue			-	-	-	-	-			
Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections			-	-	-	-	-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					-	-				
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable			-	-	-	-	-			
Restricted	1,408	3 201	1,074	8,121	60,773	328	146,923			
Committed	.,		-	- ,	-	-	- ,- =-			
Total Fund Balances	1,408	3 201	1,074	8,121	60,773	328	146,923			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,408	8 \$ 201	\$ 1,074	\$ 8,121	\$ 60,773	\$ 328	\$ 147,183			

	SPECI	AL REVENUE			CA PROJE		_	
	HEALTH FUND	AIRPORT	NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	ROAD BOND 1971	PERMANENT IMPROVEMEN'	JAIL f improvement	NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS TOTAL	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	377,929	318,909	4,036,700	66,296	47,095	477	113,868	4,150,568
Investments	3,543,000	128,000	5,703,407	238,000	192,000	-	430,000	6,133,407
Current Taxes	-	-	241,283	-	-	-	-	241,283
Delinquent Taxes	-	-	32,240	-	-	-	-	32,240
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	(17,998)	-	-	-	-	(17,998)
Due from Other Governments	-	-	44,829	-	-	-	-	44,829
Miscellaneous	5,127	724	30,394	317	275	-	592	30,986
Inventory		44,760	44,760	-				44,760
Total Assets	\$ 3,926,056	\$ 492,393	\$ 10,115,615	\$ 304,613	\$ 239,370	\$ 477	\$ 544,460	\$ 10,660,075
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts Payable-Trade	160	3,966	32,494	-	-	-	-	32,494
Total Liabilities	160	3,966	32,494	-	-		-	32,494
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable Revenue	-	-	435,534	-	-	-	-	435,534
Deferred Revenue - Advance Tax Collections	-	-	244,827	-	-	-	-	244,827
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	680,361	-	-		-	680,361
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable	-	44,760	44,760					44,760
Restricted	3,925,896	443,667	9,358,000	-	-	-	-	9,358,000
Committed	-	-	-	304,613	239,370	477	544,460	544,460
Total Fund Balances	3,925,896	488,427	9,402,760	304,613	239,370	477	544,460	9,947,220
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$ 3,926,056	\$ 492,393	\$ 10,115,615	\$ 304,613	\$ 239,370	\$ 477	\$ 544,460	\$ 10,660,075

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	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	LAW LIBRA		JUVEN DELINQU PREVEN	JENCY	COURT- HOUSE SECURITY	RECORDS MANAGEMEN	JT.	COUNTY & DISTRICT COURT TECH	COURT RECORD PRESERVATION	DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECHNOLOGY	DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT & PRESERVATION
<u>REVENUES</u>											
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Receipts		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Fees of Office	16,	375		-	27,150	1,24	1	437	80	212	9,029
Fines and Forfeits		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		420		2	3,766	45		114	228	345	246
TOTAL REVENUES	17,	795		2	30,916	1,69	8	551	308	557	9,275
EXPENDITURES General Administration		-		-	19,164	3	1	-	-	-	-
Legal	11,	123		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Public Transportation		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Health & Paupers Care		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,	123		-	19,164	3	1	-	-	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,	672		2	11,752	1,66	7	551	308	557	9,275
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		_									
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-					-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	6,	672		2	11,752	1,66	7	551	308	557	9,275
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING OF YEAR		790		165	238,280	29,70	4	7,362	15,478	23,382	9,685
FUND BALANCE-END OF YEAR	\$ 94,	462	\$	167	\$ 250,032	\$ 31,37	1	\$ 7,913	\$ 15,786	\$ 23,939	\$ 18,960

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	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	COUNTY CLERK RECORDS PRESERVATION	RECORDS ARCHIVE FEES	JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY	VIT INTEREST	ELECTION SERVICES CONTRACT	FM & LATERAL ROAD	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND CORRECTIONS	DRUG COURT			
REVENUES	^	<u>^</u>	^	•	*		<u>^</u>	^			
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 622,291	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental Receipts Fees of Office	- 98,260	87,860	6,440	-	- 3,664	-	159,360 212,244	-			
Fines and Forfeits	98,200	87,800	0,440	-	5,004	-	212,244	2,331			
Miscellaneous	9,438	6,516	1,522	1,616	366	530,704	1,328	414			
TOTAL REVENUES	107,698	94,376	7,962	1,616	4,030	1,152,995	372,932	2,745			
			.,, •								
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>											
General Administration	99,767	-	168	965	-	-	-	-			
Legal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	388,081	-			
Public Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	568,084	-	-			
Health & Paupers Care	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	13,501				-	496,816		-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	113,268	-	168	965	-	1,064,900	388,081	-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,570)	94,376	7,794	651	4,030	88,095	(15,149)	2,745			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in											
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,570)	94,376	7,794	651	4,030	88,095	(15,149)	2,745			
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING OF YEAR	638,678	371,468	98,459	1,789	21,842	2,228,534	65,548	29,542			
FUND BALANCE-END OF YEAR	\$ 633,108	\$ 465,844	\$ 106,253	\$ 2,440	\$ 25,872	\$ 2,316,629	\$ 50,399	\$ 32,287			

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	JUVENILE PROBATION	HOT CHECK FEE	PRETRIAL INTERVENTION PROGRAM	SHERIFF'S STATE FORFEITURE	JAIL COMMISSARY	DIST ATTY LONGEVITY PAY SUPPLEMENT	D.A. FORFEITURE			
<u>REVENUES</u>										
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental Receipts	171,645	-	7,200	-	-	-	-			
Fees of Office	94	1,480	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and Forfeits Miscellaneous	- 9.560	-	- 303	- 607	- 9.140	-	-			
TOTAL REVENUES	8,562 180,301	1,480	7,503	607	8,140 8,140	4	2,313			
IOTAL REVENUES	180,501	1,480	7,305	007	8,140	4	2,315			
EXPENDITURES										
General Administration	_	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Legal	-	2,557	-	-	-	-	812			
Public Safety	369,743	-	-	13,958	1,485	-	-			
Public Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Health & Paupers Care	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	369,743	2,557	-	13,958	1,485	-	812			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(189,442)	(1,077)	7,503	(13,351)	6,655	4	1,501			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	224,823									
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	224,823									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	35,381	(1,077)	7,503	(13,351)	6,655	4	1,501			
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING OF YEAR	480,224	38,703	15,068	50,815	33,211	328	39,182			
FUND BALANCE-END OF YEAR	\$ 515,605	\$ 37,626	\$ 22,571	\$ 37,464	\$ 39,866	\$ 332	\$ 40,683			

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	STATE APPORTION- MENT - DA				CDA FEDERAL FORFEITURE	CONSTABLE PCT. 2 & 3 FEDERAL FORFEITURES	CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental Receipts	27,	498	-	-	-	-	-	9,370		
Fees of Office		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines and Forfeits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous		109	3	16	1,742	879	4	3,892		
TOTAL REVENUES	27,	607	3	16	1,742	879	4	13,262		
EXPENDITURES										
General Administration	27	- 479	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Legal Deblie Sefette	27,	479	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety Public Transportation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Health & Paupers Care		-	-	-	-	-	-	51,785		
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	-	-	51,785		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		- 479				-	-	51,785		
IOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,	479				-	-	51,785		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		128	3	16	1,742	879	4	(38,523)		
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u></u> _		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		_				-	-	30,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-				_		30,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		128	3	16	1,742	879	4	(8,523)		
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,	280	198	1,058	6,379	59,894	324	155,446		
FUND BALANCE-END OF YEAR	\$ 1,	408	\$ 201	\$ 1,074	\$ 8,121	\$ 60,773	\$ 328	\$ 146,923		

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	SPEC	IAL REVENU	E FUNDS		-	PITAL CT FUNDS		
	HEALTH FUND	AIRPORT	NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	ROAD BOND 1971	PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT	JAIL IMPROVEMENT	NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS TOTAL	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ 622,291	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 622,291
			\$ 622,291 416,659	\$ -	¢ -	¢ -	э -	\$ 622,291 416,659
Intergovernmental Receipts Fees of Office	38,217	3,369	416,659	-	-	-	-	416,659
Fines and Forfeits	-	-	2,331	-	-	-	-	2,331
Miscellaneous	60,811	- 99,657	745,524	4,669	3,672	- 7	- 9 2 4 9	753,872
TOTAL REVENUES	99.028	103.026	2,251,371	4,669	3,672	7	8,348	2,259,719
IOTAL REVENUES	99,028	103,026	2,251,371	4,009	3,072	/	8,548	2,259,719
EXPENDITURES								
General Administration	_	_	120.095	_	_	_	_	120,095
Legal			41,971		_	_		41,971
Public Safety	_	_	773,267	_	_	_	_	773,267
Public Transportation	_	93,218	661,302	-	-	_	_	661,302
Health & Paupers Care	21,998		73,783	-	-	_	_	73,783
Capital Outlay	-	-	510,317	-	-	-	-	510,317
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,998	93,218	2,180,735					2,180,735
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		0.000		4.440		_		5 0.004
Over (Under) Expenditures	77,030	9,808	70,636	4,669	3,672	7	8,348	78,984
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (LISES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in			254,823					254,823
Transfers In			234,825					234,823
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			254,823					254,823
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	77,030	9,808	325,459	4,669	3,672	7	8,348	333,807
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,848,866	478,619	9,077,301	299,944	235,698	470	536,112	9,613,413
FUND BALANCE-END OF YEAR	\$ 3,925,896	\$ 488,427	\$ 9,402,760	\$ 304,613	\$ 239,370	\$ 477	\$ 544,460	\$ 9,947,220

DETAILED SCHEDULES OF REVENUES

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LAW LIBRARY FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BU	DGET	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Fees of Office:				
Law library fees	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 16,376	\$ 4,376
Total Fees of Office	12,000	12,000	16,376	4,376
Other Revenues and Fees:				
Interest	125	125	1,420	1,295
			·	
Total Other Revenues and Fees	125	125	1,420	1,295
Total Revenues	12,125	12,125	17,796	5,671
EXPENDITURES				
Legal:				
Miscellaneous - Law books	12,125	12,125	11,124	1,001
			·	
Total Legal	12,125	12,125	11,124	1,001
Total Expenditures	12,125	12,125	11,124	1,001
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	6,672	\$ 6,672
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021			87,790	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 94,462	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COUNTY JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				FINAL I	CE WITH BUDGET TIVE
	ORIG	INAL	FIN	JAL	ACT	UAL	(NEGA	TIVE)
REVENUES Miscellaneous:								
Interest Earnings	\$	1	\$	1	\$	2	\$	1
Total Fees of Office		1		1		2		1
Total Revenues		1		1		2		1
EXPENDITURES								
Legal								
Contract Agreements		1		1				1
Total Legal		1		1				1
Total Expenditures		1		1				1
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		2	\$	2
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						165		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	167		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURTHOUSE SECURITY DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BU	DGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				<u>, </u>
Fees of Office:				
District Clerk Fees	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,302	\$ 5,467	\$ 4,165
County Clerk Fees	6,047	6,047	13,917	7,870
JP Offices	10,591	7,765	7,765	
Total Fees of Office	17,940	15,114	27,149	12,035
Other Revenues and Fees:				
Interest Earnings	1,496	3,528	3,766	238
Total Other Revenues and Fees	1,496	3,528	3,766	238
Total Revenues	19,436	18,642	30,915	12,273
EXPENDITURES				
General Administration:				
Bailiff and Security	13,479	13,479	13,479	-
Social Security Taxes	1,032	1,032	814	218
Retirement and Death Benefits	3,234	3,234	3,234	-
Workers Compensation	317	317	263	54
Unemployment Insurance	26	26	26	-
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,348	1,348	1,348	
Total General Government	19,436	19,436	19,164	272
Total Expenditures	19,436	19,436	19,164	272
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (794)	11,751	\$ 12,545
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021			238,280	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 250,031	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	OR	IGINAL	F	INAL	AC	TUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES								
Fees of Office:								
District Clerk Fees	\$	3,000	\$	978	\$	979	\$	1
County Clerk Fees		3,800		262		262		-
Total Fees of Office		6,800		1,240		1,241		1
Miscellaneous								
Interest		48		48		457	. <u> </u>	409
Total Miscellaneous		48		48		457		409
Total Revenues		6,848		1,288		1,698		410
EXPENDITURES								
General Administration:								
Seaonal help		9,000		3,440		-		3,440
Social security taxes		689		689		-		689
Workers compensation		35		35		21		14
Unemployment insurance		18		18		10		8
Preservation and Restoration		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Total Expenditures		11,742		6,182		31		6,151
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(4,894)	\$	(4,894)		1,667	\$	6,561
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						29,704		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	31,371		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COUNTY AND DISTRICT COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET ORIGINAL FINAL			NAL	AC.	ГUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES							(1120)	III (L)	
Fees of Office:									
District Clerk	\$	50	\$	50	\$	160	\$	110	
County Clerk		100		100		277		177	
Total Fees of Office		150		150		437		287	
Other Revenues and Fees:									
Interest		1		1		114		113	
Total Other Revenues and Fees		1		1		114		113	
Total Revenues		151		151		551		400	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Outlay:									
Equipment and software		151		151				151	
Total Capital Outlay		151		151				151	
Total Expenditures		151		151				151	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		551		551	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		_		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	_	\$	_		551	\$	551	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						7,362			
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	7,913			

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT RECORD PRESERVATION FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORI	GINAL	FIN	JAL	AC	TUAL	(NEG.	ATIVE)	
REVENUES									
Fees of Office:									
District Clerk Fees	\$	1,790	\$	80	\$	80	\$	-	
Total Fees of Office		1,790		80		80			
Other Revenues and Fees:									
Interest		10		10		228		218	
Total Other Revenues and Fees		10		10		228		218	
Total Revenues		1,800		90		308		218	
EXPENDITURES									
Justice System:									
Digitizing		1,800		90				90	
Total Justice System		1,800		90				90	
Total Expenditures		1,800		90				90	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		308	\$	308	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						15,478			
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	15,786			

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS TECHNOLOGY FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORIC	GINAL	FI	NAL	AC	TUAL	(NEG.	ATIVE)	
REVENUES									
Fees of Office									
District Clerk Fees	\$	600	\$	211	\$	212	\$	1	
Total Fees of Office		600		211		212		1	
Other Revenues and Fees									
Interest Earnings		-		-		345		345	
Total Other Revenues and Fees				-		345		345	
Total Revenues		600		211		557		346	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Outlay:									
Furniture and equipment		600		211		-	. <u> </u>	211	
Total Capital Outlay		600		211		-		211	
Total Expenditures		600		211		-		211	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$			557	\$	557	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						23,382			
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	23,939			

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE					
	ORI	GINAL	FI	NAL	AC	TUAL	(NEG.	ATIVE)
REVENUES								
Fees of Office								
District Clerk Fees	\$	600	\$	600	\$	9,029	\$	8,429
Total Fees of Office		600		600		9,029		8,429
Other Revenues and Fees								
Interest Earnings		-		-		246		246
Total Other Revenues and Fees	. <u> </u>			-		246		246
Total Revenues		600		600		9,275		8,675
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Preservation and restoration		600		600		-		600
Total General Government		600		600		-		600
Total Expenditures		600		600		-		600
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		9,275	\$	9,275
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						9,685		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	18,960		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COUNTY CLERK RECORDS PRESERVATION DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL]	FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)
REVENUES								
Fees of Office:								
County clerks fees	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$	98,260	\$	43,260
Total Fees of Office		55,000		55,000		98,260		43,260
Other Revenues and Fees:								
Interest earnings		692		692		9,438		8,746
Total Other Revenues and Fees		692		692		9,438		8,746
Total Revenues		55,692		55,692		107,698		52,006
EXPENDITURES								
General Administration:								
Digitizing real property instruments		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Rentals microfilmining and indexing		24,400		24,400		13,306		11,094
Records management and preservation		100,000		100,000		86,461		13,539
Total General Government		125,400		125,400		99,767		25,633
Capital Outlay:								
Furniture and Equipment				-		13,501		(13,501)
Total Capital Outlay		-		-		13,501		(13,501)
Total Expenditures		125,400		125,400		113,268		25,633
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(69,708)	\$	(69,708)		(5,570)	\$	64,138
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 30, 2021						638,678		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	633,108		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - RECORDS ARCHIVE FEES DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				FINAI	NCE WITH L BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	ORIGINAL FINAL			A	CTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES								
Fees of Office:								
County Clerks Fees	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	87,860	\$	52,860
Total Fees of Office		35,000		35,000		87,860		52,860
Other Revenues and Fees:								
Interest Earnings		100		100		6,516		6,416
Total Other Revenues and Fees		100		100		6,516		6,416
Total Revenues		35,100		35,100		94,376		59,276
EXPENDITURES								
General Administration:								
Preservation and Restoration		21,050		21,050		-		21,050
Digitizing		14,050		14,050		-		14,050
Total General Government		35,100		35,100		-		35,100
Total Expenditures		35,100		35,100				35,100
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	-		94,376	\$	94,376
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						371,468		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	465,844		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET SITIVE			
	ORI	DRIGINAL FINAL			A	CTUAL	(NEGATIVE)				
REVENUES											
Fees of Office:											
JP Offices	\$	4,488	\$	4,488	\$	6,440	\$	1,952			
Total Fees of Office		4,488		4,488		6,440		1,952			
Other Revenues and Fees:											
Interest Earnings		512		512		1,522		1,010			
Total Other Revenues and Fees		512		512		1,522		1,010			
Total Revenues		5,000		5,000		7,962		2,962			
EXPENDITURES											
Capital Outlay:											
Furniture and Equipment		5,000		5,000		168		4,832			
Total Capital Outlay		5,000		5,000		168		4,832			
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		168		4,832			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		7,794	\$	7,794			
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						98,459					
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	106,253					

SCHEDULE 21

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	DUD	ACE T		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUD ORIGINAL	GET FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	OKIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Property Taxes:				
Taxes - current	\$ 565,924	\$ 565,924	\$ 583,483	\$ 17,559
Taxes - delinquent	9,079	9,079	38,807	29,728
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Property Taxes	575,003	575,003	622,290	47,287
Other Revenues and Fees:				
Interest	12,718	12,718	37,286	24,568
Miscellaneous	-	8,375	493,418	485,043
				·
Total Other Revenues and Fees	12,718	21,093	530,704	509,611
Total Revenues	587,721	596,096	1,152,994	556,898
EXPENDITURES				
Public Transportation:				
Salaries - Road and Bridge Department	83,721	84,441	84,440	1
Benefits Termination	1,600	1,600	84,440	1,600
Social Security Taxes	6,405	6,405	6,321	1,000
Group Insurance	27,770	27,770	27,714	84 56
Retirement and Death Benefits	20,085	20,408	20,407	1
Other Post Employment	8,373	20,408 8,507	20,407 8,506	1
Retiree Medical Insurance Trust		17,000	17,000	1
Workers Compensation	17,000	,	,	2 422
	3,021	3,021	598	2,423
Optional Retirement	29,961	29,961	29,961	-
Unemployment Insurance	3,392	3,392	1,962	1,430
Signs and Posts	-	40.002	14,350	(14,350)
Repair and Maintenance	31,627	40,002	34,766	5,236
Parts and Repairs	20,000	20,000	9,445	10,555 258,024
Contingency	280,201	258,024	-	
Utilities	30,000	30,000	29,009	991
Contractor Service	6,000	6,000	1,670	4,330
Physicals and Drug	3,500	3,500	1,869	1,631
Rentals and Leases	5,000	5,000	4,664	336
Beaver Control	38,400	38,400	38,400	-
Liability and Other Insurance	250,000	250,000	228,164	21,836
Miscellaneous	1,250	1,250	203	1,047
Total Justice System	867,306	854,681	559,449	295,232
Capital Outlay:				
Furniture and Equipment	1,000	15,000	8,635	6,365
Road Oil	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Bridge Construction	5,000	5,000	496,816	(491,816)
Total Capital Outlay	8,000	22,000	505,451	(483,451)
Total Expenditures	875,306	876,681	1,064,900	(188,219)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (287,585)	\$ (280,585)	88,094	\$ 368,679
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 30, 2021			2,228,534	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 2,316,628	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		GET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental Receipts				
Federal Receipts	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,370	\$ 9,370
Total Intergovernmental Receipts			9,370	9,370
Other Revenues and Fees:				
Donations	-	-	1,920	1,920
Interest	800	800	1,972	1,172
Total Other Revenues and Fees	800	800	3,892	3,092
Total Revenues	800	800	13,262	12,462
EXPENDITURES Health and Paupers Care Miscellaneous	58,000	58,000	51,785	6,215
Total General Government	58,000	58,000	51,785	6,215
Total Expenditures	58,000	58,000	51,785	6,215
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(57,200)	(57,200)	(38,523)	18,677
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	30,000	30,000	30,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	30,000	30,000	30,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ (27,200)	\$ (27,200)	(8,523)	\$ 18,677
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021			155,446	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 146,923	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HEALTH CARE FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		BUD	GET				FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL	F	INAL	AC	CTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Receipts								
Tobacco Settlement	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	38,217	\$	13,217
Total Intergovernmental Receipts		25,000		25,000		38,217		13,217
Miscellaneous								
Interest		25,000		25,000		60,811		35,811
Total Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000		60,811		35,811
Total Revenues		50,000		50,000		99,028		49,028
EXPENDITURES								
Health & Paupers Care								
Indigent Health Care		50,000		50,000		21,998		28,002
Total Expenditures		50,000		50,000		21,998		28,002
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		77,030	\$	77,030
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021					3	3,848,866		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$ 3	3,925,896		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - AIRPORT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUD	GET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Receipts				
Federal Receipts	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,369	\$ 3,369
Total Intergovernmental Receipts			3,369	3,369
Miscellaneous				
Miscellaneous Revenue	80,000	80,000	78,175	(1,825)
Hangar Rental & Ground Lease Agreements	14,310	14,310	14,685	375
Interest	900	900	6,797	5,897
Total Miscellaneous	95,210	95,210	99,657	4,447
Total Revenues	95,210	95,210	103,026	7,816
EXPENDITURES				
Public Transportation				
Insurance - liability and property	4,500	4,500	1,132	3,368
Professional Services	50	2,880	2,846	34
Repairs and renovations	50	4,770	4,770	-
Fuel and Repairs	90,560	127,680	82,918	44,762
Total Public Transportation	95,160	139,830	91,666	48,164
Capital Outlay:				
Furniture and Equipment	50	5,430	1,552	3,878
Total Capital Outlay	50	5,430	1,552	3,878
Total Expenditures	95,210	145,260	93,218	52,042
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$-	\$ (50,050)	9,808	\$ 59,858
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021			478,619	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 488,427	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - 1971 ROAD BOND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			GET				FINAL PO	NCE WITH A BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL	F	INAL	A	CTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)
REVENUES Other Revenues and Fees:								
Interest	\$	1,250	\$	1,250	\$	4,668	\$	3,418
Total Other Revenues and Fees		1,250		1,250		4,668		3,418
Total Revenues		1,250		1,250		4,668		3,418
EXPENDITURES								
Public Transportation								
Miscellaneous		1,250		1,250				1,250
Total Public Transportation		1,250		1,250		-		1,250
Total Expenditures		1,250		1,250				1,250
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$	-		4,668	\$	4,668
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						299,944		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	304,612		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		-	GET				FINAL PO	NCE WITH BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL	F	INAL	A	CTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)
REVENUES Other Revenues and Fees:								
Interest	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	3,671	\$	2,671
Total Other Revenues and Fees		1,000		1,000		3,671		2,671
Total Revenues		1,000		1,000		3,671		2,671
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay:								
Furniture and equipment		1,000		1,000				1,000
Total Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000				1,000
Total Expenditures		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	_		3,671	\$	3,671
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021						235,698		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022					\$	239,369		

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - JAIL IMPROVEMENT FUND DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	ORIG	BUD SINAL	NAL	АСТ	'UAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES						
Other Revenues and Fees:						
Interest	\$	1	\$ 1	\$	7	6
Total Other Revenues and Fees		1	 1		7	6
Total Revenues		1	 1		7	6
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay						
Jail Equipment		1	 1		-	1
Total Capital Outlay		1	 1		-	1
Total Expenditures		1	 1			1
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$ -		7	\$ 7
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2021					470	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022				\$	477	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	itomobile tration Fund	Ce	x Assessor- ollector Ad rem Tax Fund	inty Clerk istry Fund	strict Clerk gistry Fund	Super Cor	nmunity vision and rections ment Fund
Assets							
Cash	\$ 243,718	\$	7,266,572	\$ 116,003	\$ 1,585,783	\$	3,070
Investments	-		-	-	178,415		-
Accounts receivable	 -		-	 -	 -		-
Total assets	\$ 243,718	\$	7,266,572	\$ 116,003	\$ 1,764,198	\$	3,070
Liabilities							
Vouchers payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Due to other governments	243,718		7,266,572	-	-		-
Due to others	-		-	116,003	1,764,198		-
Total liabilities	 243,718		7,266,572	116,003	1,764,198		-
Net Position							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	-		-	-	-		3,070
Total net position	\$ -	\$	_	\$ _	\$ -	\$	3,070
1							

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Att	al District orney tion Fund	rney Attorney Collections Jail Inma			Cus	Total todial Funds		
Assets									
Cash	\$	100	\$	111,563	\$ 534	\$	16,772	\$	9,344,115
Investments		-		-	-		-		178,415
Accounts receivable		-		-	 -		-		-
Total assets	\$	100	\$	111,563	\$ 534	\$	16,772	\$	9,522,530
Liabilities									
Vouchers payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other governments		-		-	-		-		7,510,290
Due to others		-		-	-		-		1,880,201
Total liabilities		-		-	 -		-		9,390,491
Net Position									
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		100		111,563	534		16,772		132,039
Total net position	\$	100	\$	111,563	\$ 534	\$	16,772	\$	132,039

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		utomobile egistration Fund	(ax Assessor - Collector Ad orem Tax Fund		nty Clerk stry Fund		rict Clerk istry Fund	Supe Co	mmunity rvision and rrections tment Fund
Additions										
Tax collections for other governments Held for others	\$	6,245,339	\$	100,820,652	\$	- 4,830	\$	- 643,292	\$	- 359,337
Interest on investments		1,950		134,045		-		-		573
		6,247,289		100,954,697		4,830		643,292		359,910
Deductions										
Payments to other governments		6,247,289		100,954,697		-		-		-
Payments to others		-		-		4,830		642,769		360,086
Administrative expenses		-		-		-		523		-
		6,247,289		100,954,697		4,830		643,292		360,086
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary position		-		-		-		-		(176)
Net position - beginning	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	3,246
Net position - ending	¢	-	¢	-	¢	-	¢	-	¢	3,070

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Atto	l District orney ion Fund	At	nal District torney 1re Fund	Sheriff ollection Fund	 Inmate Fund	Cus	Total stodial Funds
Additions								
Tax collections for other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	107,065,991
Held for others		16,671		16,851	209,009	104,085		1,354,075
Interest on investments		1,480		-	-	-		138,048
		18,151		16,851	209,009	 104,085		108,558,114
Deductions								
Payments to other governments		-		-	-	-		107,201,986
Payments to others		18,151		7,789	209,009	104,330		1,346,964
Administrative expenses		-		-	-	-		523
-		18,151		7,789	209,009	 104,330		108,549,473
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary position		-		9,062	-	(245)		8,641
Net position - beginning		100		102,501	534	17,017		123,398
Net position - ending	\$	100	\$	111,563	\$ 534	\$ 16,772	\$	132,039





STATISTICAL SECTION

Panola County, Texas Statistical Section Overview

The Statistical Section of the annual comprehensive financial report of Panola County, Texas provides additional information and details to assist users in understanding and assessing the overall economic condition of the County. The Statistical Section is organized in five sections, listed below.

Financial Trends:

These schedules compile information reported in the annual comprehensive financial report over the past ten years. These schedules report how the County's financial position and well-being have changed over time.

TABLE 1 – Net Position by Component
TABLE 2 – Changes in Net Position
TABLE 3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
TABLE 4 – Net Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity Information:

These schedules provide information regarding the County's major own-source revenue (property taxes) and the stability and growth of that revenue.

TABLE 5 – Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable PropertyTABLE 6 – Direct and Overlapping Property Tax RatesTABLE 7 – Principal Property TaxpayersTABLE 8 – Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity Information:

These schedules provide information regarding the County's outstanding debt, the ability to repay the debt, and the ability to issue new debt.

TABLE 9 – Ratio of Outstanding Debt by TypeTABLE 10 – Direct and Overlapping Governmental DebtTABLE 11 – Legal Debt Margin Information

Demographic and Economic Information:

These schedules provide information regarding the County's socioeconomic environment, specifically its taxpayers and employers, and the changes to those groups over the past ten years.

TABLE 12 – Demographic and Economic Statistics

TABLE 13 - Principle Employers by Industry

Operating Information:

These schedules provide information regarding the County's employees, operations, and facilities.

TABLE 14 - Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees

TABLE 15 - Capital Assets by Function/Program

TABLE 16 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program

TABLE 17 - Schedule of Insurance Policies in Force

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Governmental activities:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 25,094,155	\$ 19,407,639	\$ 20,026,533	\$ 20,411,373	\$ 20,983,396	\$ 21,809,860	\$ 22,458,568	\$ 23,279,430	\$ 23,542,376	\$ 24,340,108
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Other Purposes	18,079,336	16,688,338	15,988,312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	15,305,198	10,747,035	9,378,770	24,880,434	23,196,286	45,184,264	43,671,917	40,913,998	42,577,083	39,042,172
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 58,478,689	\$ 46,843,012	\$ 45,393,615	\$ 45,291,807	\$ 44,179,682	\$ 66,994,124	\$ 66,130,485	\$ 64,193,428	\$ 66,119,459	\$ 63,382,280

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fis	cal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General administration	\$ 4,624,122	\$ 4,012,436	\$ 4,091,292	\$ 5,813,060	\$ 5,342,138	\$ 4,998,429	\$ 3,628,899	\$ 3,188,949	\$ 4,219,943	\$ 3,654,495
Judicial	1,221,702	1,756,897	1,824,413	1,501,830	1,463,707	1,504,247	1,440,455	1,313,677	1,288,251	1,226,565
Legal	628,235	796,328	919,988	844,493	621,159	614,417	646,121	618,330	589,841	507,415
Elections	203,709	240,177	234,316	190,348	192,420	189,184	216,421	213,282	206,776	189,931
Financial administration	943,309	1,178,392	1,255,840	1,076,875	1,084,669	1,071,598	1,003,659	900,619	913,259	852,036
Public facilities	313,614	321,607	330,773	559,976	881,056	469,972	420,136	493,979	695,814	582,996
Public safety	6,216,686	8,431,577	8,743,780	7,118,774	7,035,569	7,040,400	6,866,996	6,892,775	6,724,721	6,351,980
Environmental protection	291,329	342,370	424,727	424,322	449,386	405,004	405,004	417,769	397,717	426,905
Public transportation	7,149,014	9,962,334	7,120,378	6,464,256	6,444,767	6,800,101	6,523,876	6,450,555	6,713,665	6,918,240
Health and Paupers care	924,692	789,163	1,465,366	794,101	710,734	1,729,386	1,995,250	2,640,645	1,519,237	1,568,289
Recreation	358,270	445,773	481,366	435,797	423,521	464,777	445,229	428,808	409,735	381,777
Conservation	100,870	88,374	103,044	99,340	118,746	119,229	112,210	108,927	102,973	94,640
Debt Service - Interest	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 22,975,552	\$ 28,365,428	\$ 26,995,283	\$ 25,323,171	\$ 24,767,871	\$ 25,406,745	\$ 23,704,257	\$ 23,668,315	\$ 23,781,932	\$ 22,755,269
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services										
General administration	\$ 495,129	\$ 450,259	\$ 430,163	\$ 404,371	\$ 393,927	\$ 332,744	\$ 325,813	\$ 358,984	\$ 378,308	\$ 355,323
Judicial	566,158	510,986	472,783	623,356	637,963	607,479	487,141	435,198	396,268	453,591
Legal	19,243	16,739	18,658	19,764	19,174	19,039	19,934	28,229	29,702	32,428
Elections	3,664	3,157	9,100	5,714	3,006	-	5,435	-	7,050	1,150
Financial administration	950,425	890,708	908,753	904,371	908,990	823,788	832,349	854,162	854,313	822,522
Public facilities	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	274,479	275,147	228,049	287,566	292,881	253,340	298,428	374,660	431,121	463,719
Environmental protection	-		· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public transportation	132,491	110,227	91,880	147,046	60,912	226,139	141,950	130,661	139,891	139,815
Health and Paupers care	210	140	80	478	-	815	-	1,110	965	1,006
Recreation	176,686	171,571	171,625	174,381	170,099	186,593	182,318	187,112	162,407	156,724
Conservation	-	•	· -	2,757	-	750	-	850	400	400
Total Charges for Services	\$ 2,618,485	\$ 2,428,934	\$ 2,331,091	\$ 2,569,805	\$ 2,486,953	\$ 2,450,686	\$ 2,293,368	\$ 2,370,966	\$ 2,400,425	\$ 2,426,678

PANOLA COUNTY CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Continued LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

										Fisca	l Yea	ır								
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Operating Grants and																				
Contributions																				
General administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	776,086	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Judicial		63,000		84,000		84,000		87,204		88,806		88,806		88,806		85,500		84,102		77,250
Legal		34,698		32,898		27,498		29,365		29,418		29,954		30,871		30,343		33,500		33,020
Elections		69,949		16,350		41,339		3,758		8,298		-		2,390		4,656		362		5,829
Financial administration		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public facilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,000		-		-		-
Public safety		367,755		349,223		364,381		380,306		436,612		474,948		546,400		686,415		684,681		638,384
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public transportation		647,337		3,540,360		32,451		32,522		29,538		29,575		29,575		29,575		29,676		30,441
Health and Paupers care		47,587		57,168		57,094		53,000		53,387		1,005,804		1,251,495		2,010,776		1,011,544		934,370
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Operating Grants and																				
Contributions	\$	1,230,326	\$	4,079,999	\$	1,382,849	\$	586,155	\$	646,059	\$	1,629,087	\$	1,952,537	\$	2,847,265	\$	1,843,865	\$	1,719,294
Program Revenues, Continued:																				
Capital Grants and Contributions																				
Judicial	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,485	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Legal		28,983		32,782		-		23,009		24,888		37,957		27,232		24,735		37,913		23,342
General Administration		-		-		-		-		-		404,353		-		-		-		-
Public Facilities		-		-		-		42,299		388,715		161,269		18,580		97,636		149,126		144,321
Public Safety		37,561		43,019		30,000		-		30,000		30,000		30,000		73,023		44,351		30,000
Public Transportation		1,319,426		-		-		-		117,854		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		29,255		-		-		-		-		-
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	\$	1,385,970	\$	75,801	\$	62,485	\$	65,308	\$	590,712	\$	633,579	\$	75,812	\$	195,394	\$	231,390	\$	197,663
Total Governmental Activities																				
Program Revenues	¢	5,234,781	¢	6,584,734	\$	3,776,425	\$	3,221,268	\$	3,723,724	\$	4,713,352	\$	4,321,717	\$	5,413,625	\$	4,475,680	\$	4,343,635
r rogram Kevenues	φ	5,457,701	φ	0,007,704	φ	3,110,723	φ	5,221,200	φ	5,125,124	φ	7,713,332	φ	т,341,717	φ	5,715,025	φ	-,-,-,0,000	φ	
Net (Expense) Revenue									_											
Governmental Activities:	\$	(17,740,771)	\$	(21,780,694)	\$	(23,218,858)	\$	(22,101,903)	\$	(21,044,147)	\$ ((20,693,393)	\$ ((19,382,540)	\$ ((18,254,690)	\$ ((19,306,252)	\$ ((18,411,634)
	-					<u> </u>	-			· · · ·								<u> </u>		

PANOLA COUNTY CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Continued LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 23,692,769	\$ 22,384,183	\$ 22,389,891	\$ 21,641,100	\$ 20,061,420	\$ 20,874,829	\$ 20,760,794	\$ 21,094,822	\$ 21,072,209	\$ 18,908,177
Interest Income Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	941,061	338,131	457,500 -	893,082	650,507	275,252	196,890 -	199,770 -	232,059	409,659 (73,459)
Miscellaneous	1,108,652	507,775	1,159,280	679,308	556,548	406,690	362,167	731,188	739,163	642,006
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 25,742,482	\$ 23,230,089	\$ 24,006,671	\$ 23,213,490	\$ 21,268,475	\$ 21,556,771	\$ 21,319,851	\$ 22,025,780	\$ 22,043,431	\$ 19,886,383
Increase in Net Position Before Transfers	8,001,711	1,449,395	787,813	1,111,587	224,328	863,379	1,937,311	3,771,090	2,737,179	1,474,749
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prior Period Adjustment	3,633,966	-	(686,005)							
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities	\$ 11,635,677	\$ 1,449,395	\$ 101,808	\$ 1,111,587	\$ 224,328	\$ 863,379	\$ 1,937,311	\$ 3,771,090	\$ 2,737,179	\$ 1,474,749
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,635,677	\$ 1,449,395	\$ 101,808	\$ 1,111,587	\$ 224,328	\$ 863,379	\$ 1,937,311	\$ 3,771,090	\$ 2,737,179	\$ 1,474,749
% Change from Prior Year	702.80%	1323.66%	(90.84%)	395.52%	(74.02%)	(55.43%)	(48.63%)	37.77%	85.60%	(15.58%)

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund:										
Committed	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Unassigned	21,795,097	19,873,867	17,530,662	15,304,714	12,516,976	10,605,091	11,431,684	12,628,900	13,701,192	14,386,419
Total General Fund	21,795,097	19,873,867	17,530,662	15,304,714	12,516,976	10,605,091	11,431,684	12,628,900	13,701,192	14,386,419
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable, Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	171,048	33,963	21,054	6,121	24,305	25,968	68,066	6,740	20,014	17,036
Restricted, Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	18,079,339	16,688,338	15,988,313	15,998,539	15,385,545	14,801,460	14,260,464	13,524,120	12,896,767	11,505,906
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed, Reported in:										
Capital Projects Funds	544,460	536,112	532,677	527,667	736,616	724,419	718,821	715,382	711,931	702,640
Total All Other Governmental Funds	18,794,847	17,258,413	16,542,044	16,532,327	16,146,466	15,551,847	15,047,351	14,246,242	13,628,712	12,225,582
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 40,589,944	\$ 37,132,280	\$ 34,072,705	\$ 31,837,041	\$ 28,663,442	\$ 26,156,938	\$ 26,479,035	\$ 26,875,142	\$ 27,329,904	\$ 26,612,001
% Change from Prior Year	9.31%	8.98%	7.02%	11.07%	9.58%	(1.22%)	(1.47%)	(1.66%)	2.70%	5.91%

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$ 23,652,618	\$ 22,807,919	\$ 21,628,160	\$ 20,788,517	\$ 19,970,452	\$ 20,649,393	\$ 20,757,166	\$ 21,028,302	\$ 21,053,992	\$ 18,828,094
Licenses	361,270	361,345	270,300	334,557	360,000	347,114	352,249	335,099	377,382	401,952
Intergovernmental	2,976,822	2,175,499	1,822,839	1,027,356	1,620,910	1,216,040	1,116,535	1,365,622	1,384,707	1,289,263
Fees of Office	1,353,696	1,276,162	1,260,405	1,334,172	1,268,928	1,146,745	1,196,135	1,346,858	1,366,538	1,347,853
Fines	389,271	327,735	321,947	401,396	446,306	417,917	348,600	295,881	275,040	300,696
Miscellaneous	2,245,029	3,481,649	1,871,973	2,703,676	1,205,378	1,863,127	1,867,254	3,001,123	2,043,236	2,056,617
Total Revenues	30,978,706	30,430,309	27,175,624	26,589,674	24,871,974	25,640,336	25,637,939	27,372,885	26,500,895	24,224,475
EXPENDITURES										
General Administration	4,828,157	3,934,459	3,890,949	4,311,657	3,841,882	7,053,322	6,582,858	6,952,902	6,970,773	3,992,090
Judicial	1,563,894	1,628,886	1,472,938	1,442,898	1,380,305	1,384,658	1,395,577	1,342,386	1,244,293	1,183,353
Legal	628,235	796,328	915,549	849,805	615,790	591,967	654,074	649,523	589,841	507,415
Elections	217,158	231,584	206,658	185,516	184,792	168,418	186,710	160,810	158,049	141,204
Financial Administration	1,148,884	1,134,329	1,103,635	1,078,830	1,067,110	1,027,105	1,017,607	955,794	913,259	852,036
Public Facilities	323,337	314,590	436,738	558,641	878,379	464,822	419,018	476,331	693,744	582,006
Public Safety	7,233,567	7,691,562	7,168,596	6,653,067	6,454,908	6,215,052	6,466,865	6,626,369	6,242,852	5,866,187
Environmental Protection	283,785	335,742	417,254	417,449	443,112	398,730	398,730	411,495	391,443	420,631
Conservation	109,562	87,137	96,014	99,565	117,060	114,292	113,739	112,089	102,973	94,640
Public Transportation	6,250,106	9,320,511	4,422,485	4,595,182	4,452,625	4,368,238	4,311,552	4,160,966	4,298,754	4,382,791
Health & Paupers Care	857,057	729,176	1,397,730	726,578	643,007	1,661,289	1,927,757	2,573,604	1,451,601	1,500,653
Culture & Recreation	378,802	397,270	396,690	399,028	381,984	411,315	412,922	411,917	372,336	359,961
Debt Service - Principal	-	-	- í	· -	-	-	-	- ·	· -	
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	3,763,827	859,161	3,015,132	2,097,859	1,904,516	2,051,967	2,146,382	2,993,461	2,353,074	3,648,463
Total Expenditures	27,586,371	27,460,735	24,940,368	23,416,075	22,365,470	25,911,175	26,033,791	27,827,647	25,782,992	23,531,430
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,392,335	3,059,574	2,235,256	3,173,599	2,506,504	(270,839)	(395,852)	(454,762)	717,903	693,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Relocation of Fund Equity to										
Shelby County	-	-	-	-	-	(51,515)	-	-	-	-
Effect of adoption of GASB 87	65,329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	254,823	326,650	355,051	251,097	236,108	241,108	241,108	203,100	198,000	254,757
Transfers Out	(254,823)	(326,650)	(355,051)	(251,097)	(236,108)	(241,108)	(241,108)	(203,100)	(198,000)	(254,757)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	65,329	•				(51,515)		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,457,664	\$ 3,059,574	\$ 2,235,256	\$ 3,173,599	\$ 2,506,504	\$ (322,354)	\$ (395,852)	\$ (454,762)	\$ 717,903	\$ 693,045
Debt Service as a percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Est	timated Market Value			Total
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
1001	Toperty	Toperty	Toperty	value	Nate
2022	4,419,004,471	1,386,242,870	202,580,490	5,602,666,851	0.4593
2021	2,430,287,826	1,316,887,340	195,922,610	3,551,252,556	0.5725
2020	2,371,714,686	1,222,070,000	194,283,423	3,399,501,263	0.6135
2019	2,748,391,017	1,277,769,740	192,442,832	3,833,717,925	0.5514
2018	2,160,005,630	1,209,557,190	189,712,070	3,179,850,750	0.6080
2017	2,135,791,140	1,277,158,670	188,898,640	3,224,051,170	0.5983
2016	2,296,344,230	1,314,906,237	187,611,420	3,423,639,047	0.5983
2015	3,088,945,555	1,429,501,180	190,325,020	4,328,121,715	0.4837
2014	3,154,126,118	1,402,523,190	190,458,950	4,366,190,358	0.4694
2013	2,708,044,440	1,425,049,578	188,983,380	3,944,110,638	0.4994

Source: Panola County Appraisal District

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Panola County Direct Rates										
GENERAL	0.44791	0.55752	0.59750	0.53620	0.59130	0.58220	0.58220	0.46980	0.45580	0.48420
SPECIAL REVENUE	0.01135	0.01497	0.01600	0.01520	0.01670	0.01610	0.01610	0.01390	0.01360	0.01520
DEBT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
TOTAL DIRECT RATE	0.45926	0.57249	0.61350	0.55140	0.60800	0.59830	0.59830	0.48370	0.46940	0.49940
Overlapping Rates										
<u>O TOTAN PPING TANGO</u>										
City and Town Rates:										
CARTHAGE	0.58000	0.60140	0.58940	0.58940	0.57440	0.57440	0.57440	0.52000	0.52000	0.50000
BECKVILLE	0.43730	0.48597	0.52065	0.52586	0.58011	0.54693	0.53320	0.45603	0.45867	0.42723
School Districts Rates:										
CARTHAGE ISD	1.08460	1.19610	1.19640	1.21000	1.28000	1.28000	1.14000	1.14000	1.14000	1.14000
GARY ISD	1.33460	1.44340	1.44640	1.43000	1.50000	1.50000	1.37000	1.29000	1.29000	1.29000
BECKVILLE ISD	1.13738	0.88300	0.96640	0.97000	1.04000	1.35339	1.34000	1.25655	1.12000	1.10000
ELYSIAN FIELDS ISD	0.89390	0.93700	0.97470	1.16000	1.35000	1.35000	1.35000	1.32000	1.28300	1.23700
TATUM ISD	1.20700	1.20700	1.20700	1.20700	1.20700	1.20700	1.20000	0.17000	1.17000	1.17000
TENAHA ISD	1.09221	1.10940	1.09330	1.08210	1.16153	1.15852	1.16300	1.19249	1.18760	1.18000
JOAQUIN ISD	1.31610	1.51850	1.52940	1.54170	1.62140	1.59730	1.59730	1.55970	1.45550	1.60600
Other Special District Rates:										
PANOLA JR. COLLEGE	0.21847	0.27775	0.29079	0.25112	0.27039	0.25700	0.24334	0.20787	0.21483	0.21483
PANOLA COUNTY ESD	0.02098	0.02791	0.02842	0.02359	0.02372	0.02130	0.02130	0.02130	0.02130	0.02130
PANOLA GWCD	0.00816	0.01010	0.01010	0.01011	0.01100	0.01100	0.01100	0.01000	0.00970	0.00970

Source: Various taxing entities

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (Amounts expressed in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	 Fiscal Y	ear 2022	_		Fiscal '	Year 2013	_
Name of Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value		As	axable sessed 7alue	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	_
ROCKCLIFF ENERGY OP LLC	\$ 904,487	16.14	%	\$	-	-	
SABINE OIL & GAS CORP (WI)	335,004	5.98	%		-	-	
MARKWEST ENERGY ETX GAS CO LP	317,035	5.66	%		-	-	
BTA ETG GATHERING LLC	193,387	3.45	%			-	
TGNR EAST TEXAS LLC (MIN-WI)	142,003	2.53	%			-	
R LACY SERVICES LTD	126,755	2.26	%		-	-	
GEMINI CARTHAGE PIPELINE LLC	117,857	2.10	%		-	-	
SHERIDAN PRODUCTION CO LLC	99,950	1.78	%		-	-	
MARKWEST-CARTHAGE PLANT & EAST	83,650	1.49	%				
MIDCOAST G&P (EAST TEXAS) LP	66,457	1.19	%		-	-	
DEVON ENERGY PROD CO LP (MIN#)		-			328,213	8.01	%
ANADARKO E&P COMPANY LP		-			256,521	6.26	%
MARKWEST ENERGY ETX GAS CO LP		-			153,956	3.76	%
DCP MIDSTREAM LP					136,947	3.34	%
XTO ENERGY INC (MIN)		-			112,289	2.74	%
CHEVRON USA INC (MIN)					78,245	1.91	%
ETC TIGER PIPELINE		-			77,287	1.89	%
EXXON MOBIL CORP (MIN)		-			75,709	1.85	%
R LACY SERVICES LTD		-			69,829	1.70	%
LUMINANT MINING CO LLC					66,240	1.62	%
Total	\$ 2,386,585		_	\$ 1	,355,236		-
Total Assessed Value and Percentage							
of Total	\$ 5,602,666	42.60	_%	\$4	,095,998	33.09	=%

Source: Panola County Appraisal District

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Tax Levy	Current Tax Collection	Percent Of Levy Collected	Collections in Subsequent Periods (2)	Total Collections	Percent Of Total Collections To Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2022	23,732,413	23,000,861	96.92%	558,852	23,559,713	99.27%	396,052	1.67%
2021	22,941,750	22,186,827	97.00%	562,803	22,749,630	99.16%	457,480	1.99%
2020	22,827,138	21,666,273	94.91%	360,179	22,026,452	96.49%	880,686	3.86%
2019	21,083,217	20,493,930	97.20%	335,903	20,829,833	98.80%	385,263	1.83%
2018	20,076,037	19,078,999	95.03%	576,244	19,655,243	97.90%	247,895	1.23%
2017	21,149,892	20,456,482	96.72%	412,865	20,869,347	98.67%	280,545	1.33%
2016	21,338,275	20,783,808	97.40%	300,574	21,084,382	98.81%	253,894	1.19%
2015	21,460,930	20,940,280	97.57%	264,740	21,205,020	98.81%	255,910	1.19%
2014	21,378,495	20,839,267	97.48%	306,048	21,145,315	98.91%	232,880	1.09%
2013	19,264,186	18,740,914	97.28%	255,731	18,996,645	98.61%	267,541	1.39%

Source: Tax Rolls

Notes:

(1) Delinquent taxes are reported by levy year.

(2) Property taxes become due January 31 and become delinquent on July 1. The column "Current Tax Collection", represents taxes collected beginning October 1st of 2021 through June 30th. The column "Collections in Subsequent Periods", represents the amount of delinquent taxes that have been collected.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Govern	mental Activities	-	Percentage of Estimated		
_	Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total Primary Government	Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita (2)
	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2020	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2018	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2017	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2016	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2015	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2014	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2013	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

(2) See the schedule of Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding Amount (1)	Applicable to Panola County Percent	Amount Applicable to Panola County		
Cities:					
Carthage	\$ 9,793,205	100.00%	\$ 9,793,205		
Total Cities	9,793,205		9,793,205		
School Districts:					
Carthage ISD	14,389,468	100.00%	14,389,468		
Gary ISD	7,937,250	100.00%	7,937,250		
Beckville ISD	24,460,585	100.00%	24,460,585		
Elysian Fields ISD	4,245,000	52.55%	2,230,748		
Tatum ISD	17,128,144	2.27%	388,809		
Tenaha ISD	2,979,470	4.75%	141,525		
Joaquin ISD	10,015,000	5.05%	505,758		
Total School Districts	81,154,917		50,054,142		
Panola Junior College	24,330,000	100.00%	24,330,000		
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	115,278,122		84,177,347		
Panola County (Direct Debt)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 115,278,122		\$ 84,177,347		

Note: Percentage of overlap is based on each entity's respective land area located within Panola County.

Sources:

(1) Respective entities and auditors of respective entities.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Debt Limit	1,451,311,835	936,793,792	898,446,172	1,006,540,189	842,390,705	853,237,453	902,812,617	1,129,611,684	1,163,580,582	724,256,955
Total net debt applicable to limit		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Legal debt margin	1,451,311,835	936,793,792	898,446,172	1,006,540,189	842,390,705	853,237,453	1,129,611,684	1,129,611,684	724,256,955	769,220,995
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Assessed value Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value	\$ 5,602,666,851 202,580,490 \$ 5,805,247,341
Debt limit 25% of assessed value of real property (Article 3, Section 52, Constitution of the State of Texas)	\$ 1,451,311,835
Amount of Debt applicable to debt limit Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,451,311,835

Note: This constitutional limit applies only to the General Bonded Debt of the County.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income thousands)	Р	er Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	College & School Enrollment
2022	22,675	\$ 1,208,405	\$	53,292	4.10%	6,465
2021	22,675	\$ 1,094,229	\$	47,191	5.70%	6,337
2020	23,796	\$ 1,054,569	\$	45,467	8.40%	6,310
2019	23,796	\$ 1,007,115	\$	43,508	3.90%	6,735
2018	23,796	\$ 939,265	\$	40,411	3.60%	6,918
2017	23,243	\$ 891,054	\$	37,930	4.40%	6,805
2016	23,492	\$ 952,436	\$	40,543	7.10%	6,533
2015	23,766	\$ 1,049,942	\$	44,173	5.20%	6,516
2014	23,769	\$ 1,091,774	\$	45,738	4.90%	6,574
2013	23,870	\$ 1,070,065	\$	44,549	5.10%	6,932

Sources: United States Census Bureau, Various Education Entities, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Texas Association of Counties

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS BY INDUSTRY CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

	2	2022	-	2	2013	-
TYPE OF EMPLOYER	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	_	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	_
Natural Resource and Mining	835	10.71	%	1,368	13.15	%
Construction	1,157	14.84	%	2,142	20.60	%
Manufacturing	856	10.98	%	875	8.41	%
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	1,386	17.78	%	2,188	21.04	%
Information	59	0.76	%	57	0.55	%
Financial Activities	211	2.71	%	241	2.32	%
Professional Business Services	785	10.07	%	713	6.86	%
Education Health Services	632	8.11	%	832	8.00	%
Leisure Hospitality	460	5.90	%	385	3.70	%
Other Services	212	2.72	%	270	2.60	%
Federal Government	57	0.73	%	71	0.68	%
State Government	32	0.41	%	36	0.35	%
Local Government	1,112	14.27	%	1,222	11.75	%
Total	7,794	100.00	%	10,400	100.00	%

Source: Texas Workforce Commission 2022 Source: Texas Workforce Commission 2013

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Administration	16	16	15	14	14	15	16	16	17	17
Judicial	16	16	17	16	16	17	17	17	17	16
Elections	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Financial Administration	15	14	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13
Legal	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
Public Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety	72	70	69	73	74	74	75	85	84	83
Public Transportation	42	38	39	41	41	45	46	47	47	47
Culture and Recreation	5	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Conservation-Agriculture	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Totals	179	171	172	177	178	184	187	196	196	194

Source: Panola County Payroll History Report

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM December 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
General Administration											
Furniture & Equipment	11	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Facilities	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Tracts of Land	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Judicial											
Furniture & Equipment	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Elections											
Equipment	63	7	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Public Facilities											
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety											
Vehicles	56	51	55	47	45	45	45	45	45	45	
Equipment	16	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	
Facilities	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Environmental Protection											
Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Landfill	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Transportation											
Miles of County Roads	610	610	610	610	610	610	610	610	610	610	
Number of Bridges	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	12	12	
Facilities	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Equipment & Vehicles	174	169	143	138	137	137	137	137	137	138	
Tracts of Land	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	
Health/Paupers Care											
Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Tracts of Land	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Recreation											
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
Conservation											
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Tracts of Land	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Source: Panola County Capital Asset Inventory Listing

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM December 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Administration										
Official Public Records Filed	8,763	8,574	8,524	7,939	7,955	6,277	5,701	7,058	7,639	8,699
Vital Statistics Filed	278	298	268	103	105	81	71	72	68	281
Judicial										
Number of Civil Cases	634	612	599	677	632	413	501	703	525	685
Number of Criminal Cases	637	701	522	595	709	646	754	813	849	880
Legal										
Number of Convictions - Misdemeanors	120	173	73	243	246	212	248	270	181	270
Number of Convictions - Felony	156	94	38	151	240	109	171	245	120	212
Elections										
Number of Registered Voters	17,178	16,749	16,838	17,807	15,523	16,248	10,475	15,647	15,775	15,708
Number of Elections	5	20,7.15	4	1	3	10,210	3	1	4	1
Financial Administration										
Number of mineral tax items	400,041	333,892	338,783	370,170	364,688	353,538	365,436	359,573	386,945	388,617
Number of real estate tax items	38,172	38,151	38,151	38,078	26,366	26,396	26,419	26,423	26,281	26,285
Number of registered vehicles	26,644	26,965	25,953	27,106	31,871	27,882	28,593	29,519	30,460	20,205 31,046
0	20,011	20,500	20,000	27,100	01,071	27,002	20,000	2,01	20,100	51,010
Public Facilities	51	58	59	70	66	64	85	80	71	88
Number of repair jobs	51	50	59	70	00	04	85	80	/1	00
Public Safety										
Number of emergency responses	7,091	7,339	6,729	6,213	4,373	4,580	4,223	4,418	4,013	4,719
Number of book-ins	894	806	503	982	1,048	1,128	1,106	1,233	1,410	1,285
Environmental Protection										
Number of solid waste transfers(tons)	6,431	6,485	6,312	6,223	41,652	11,914	12,465	12,235	13,026	13,034
Number of Diversions (tons)	3,246	3,323	4,179	4,219	528	554	428	387	308	389
Public Transportation										
Miles of road resurfaced	55	42	13	20	11	15	19	9	7	21
Number of repairs	90	80	75	111	70	129	340	390	350	380
Health and Paupers Care										
Number of autopsies performed	49	41	22	36	32	32	34	31	40	29
Number of indigent admissions	520	487	435	426	560	549	575	688	322	479
Recreation										
Number of patrons to Library	37,307	39,245	35,324	9,890	13,163	12,835	11,979	11,113	8,921	13,779
Number of books in library	36,857	36,868	40,229	40,254	41,457	43,983	48,819	45,270	50,727	57,548
Number of programs	60	92	75	102	99	78	116	69	83	83
Conservation										
Number of programs	98	45	148	134	115	253	78	275	149	70
Number of radio programs	98 97	115	84	34	8	12	31	273 75	149	52
County Extension mailouts & emails	6,500	8,300	4,822	15,350	14,500	45,550	10,850	23,500	18,906	8,534
County Extension manouts & emans	0,500	0,000	7,044	15,550	14,500	43,330	10,050	23,300	10,200	0,554

Source: Individual County Departments

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE **DECEMBER 31, 2022** (Unaudited)

Insurer or Name of Company	Number	Policy Pe From	riod To	Building and/or Department & Description	Amount of Coverage	Premiums & Funding		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	H8101171X911	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Physical Damage-Comp. Limit PD; 500 Deduct; Bodily Injury - Limit; Comp. Auto liability. Ins. 1,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 155,755		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	ZAS-14T88141	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	General Liability; 2,000,000	2,000,000	72,192		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	H6301171X911	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Commercial Property and Equipment	5,701,171	78,636		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	ZAS-14P02174	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Commercial Umbrella Liability- 1,000,000 each occurrence Aggregate 1,000,000; Retention 10,000	2,000,000	27,379		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	ZAS-14T88141	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Law Enforcement Professional Liability; Each Person 1,000,000 Aggregate 3,000,000; Each occurrence 1,000,000	2,000,000	118,812		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	ZAS-14T88141	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	2,000,000 Limit Each 2,000,000 Aggregate 25,000 retention; Public Officials and Employees Legal Liability	2,000,000	70,821		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	H6301171X911	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Crime - Employee Theft, Forgery	2,000,000	INC. IN PKG.		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	ZAS-14P02174	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	General Liability - Cyberfirst Liability.	2,000,000	7,714		
The St. Paul Ins. Co.	H6301171X911	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Package	25,096,481	105,855		
EBCO	UA00134783-19	12/13/2022	12/13/2023	Property Damage 1,000,000; General Liability- Airport 1,000,000 each occurrence, 2,000,000 aggregate	2,000,000	3,685		
Texas Association of Counties	#1830	1/1/2022	12/31/2022	Workers Compensation Self-Funded Insurance through Texas Association of Counties	(2)	116,752		
Texas Association of Counties	#1830	1/1/2022	12/31/2022	Unemployment Insurance Self-Funded through Texas Association of Counties	(3)	23,827		
Texas Association of Counties - BCBS	62946	12/1/2021	11/30/2022	Employee Group Ins - TAC Health and Employee Benefit Pool 500 deductible - 2,000 co-ins; Emp Life Ins	(4)	4,279,549		
The CIMA Companies, Inc.	TXCART6	7/1/2022	7/1/2023	Volunteers Insurance Service Association (VIS) Work Release Volunteer Accident Insurance	25,000	2,585		

(1) 2018 Funding

(3) As prescribed by law - Texas Unemployment Compensation Act

(2) As prescribed by law Art. #8309H (4) For covered expenses - Lifetime maximum \$2,000,000

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Insurer or		Policy Pe	eriod		Amount of	Premiums	
Name of Company	Number	From	То	Building and/or Department & Description	Coverage	& Funding	
Safeco Ins.	999134838	10/1/2021	12/31/2022	County Judge - David Anderson	¢ 50	00 \$ 119	
Saleco Ins.	999134838 999220342	11/22/2022	12/31/2022	County Judge - David Anderson County Judge - Rodger McLane			
	7772203 4 2	11/22/2022	12/31/2023	County Judge - Rouger McLane	1,0	00 108	
Safeco Ins.	999080132	1/1/2021	1/1/2024	Commissioner Precinct 1	3.0	00 325	
	999080134	1/1/2021	1/1/2024		3,0	00 325	
Safeco Ins.	328596363	1/1/2021	1/1/2023	Commissioner Precinct 2	3,0	00 175	
	328596364	1/1/2021	1/1/2023		3,0	00 175	
Safeco Ins.	328522467	1/1/2021	1/1/2025	Commissioner Precinct 3	3,0	00 325	
	328522470	1/1/2021	1/1/2025		3,0	00 325	
Safeco Ins.	328159904	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	Commissioner Precinct 4	3,0	00 355	
	328161129	12/31/2019	12/31/2022		3,0	00 270	
Safeco Ins.	328519863	1/1/2021	1/1/2023	County Clerk	150,0	00 919	
Safeco Ins.	328171102	12/31/2018	12/31/2022	Deputy County Clerks	160,0	00 1,988	
A 3 4337	NE01740	1/14/2021	1/1 //2022		500 (00	
AMWins	MEO1749	1/14/2021	1/14/2022	County Clerk Errors & Omissions	500,0	00 986	
Safeco Ins.	328159840	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	County Court at Law Judge	1,0	00 355	
Safeco fils.	525159840	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	County Court at Law Judge	1,0	00 555	
Safeco Ins	328598000	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	District Clerk - Bond	100,0	00 1,139	
		1,1,2013	1,1,2020		200,0		
AMWins	MEO1747	1/14/2021	1/14/2022	District Clerk Errors & Omissions	500,0	00 688	
					,		
Travelers	6608010A867660	8/27/2021	8/27/2022	Crime - Money & Securities - District Clerk	20,0	00 264	
Safeco Ins.	999078571	12/1/2021	12/1/2022	Justice of the Peace Pct. 1&4	5,0	00 100	
Safeco Ins.	328531960	12/31/2020	12/31/2022	Justice of the Peace Pct. 2&3	5,0	00 175	
Safeco Ins.	328171038	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	Criminal District Attorney	5,0	00 355	
Safeco Ins.	999067433	9/11/2021	9/11/2022	Elections Administrator	1,0	00 100	
Safeco Ins.	328577699	9/1/2020	8/31/2022	Auditor	5,0		
	328587339	8/31/2020	9/1/2022	Assistant Auditor	5,0	00 200	
		4 14 14 04 0	1/1/2022				
Safeco Ins.	328454765	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	County Treasurer	1,0	00 325	
Safaaa Ing	328429390	2/15/2022	2/15/2022	Assistant Transmon/Chief Denuty	25.0	00 105	
Safeco Ins.		3/15/2022	3/15/2023 5/5/2023	Assistant Treasurer/Chief Deputy	25,0		
	328434402	5/5/2022	5/5/2023	Deputy Treasurer	25,0	125	

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Insurer or Name of Company	Number	Policy P From	eriod To	Building and/or Department & Description	Amount of Coverage		Premiums & Funding	
Name of Company	Number	FIOII	10	Bunuing and/or Department & Description Coverage		werage	<u>a</u> ru	luing
Safeco Ins.	32S600119	1/1/2021	1/1/2025	Tax Assessor/Collector (Ad Valorem Tax Office)\$100,000		100,000	\$	1,221
Safeco Ins.	328600081	1/1/2021	1/1/2025	Tax Assessor for PC Auto Tax	100,000			1,221
Safeco Ins.	LSF028274	1/1/2021	1/1/2022	Tax Assessor/Collector (Deputies) Crime Bond	35,000			176
Safeco Ins.	999108211	5/15/2022	5/15/2023	Sheriff	30,000			100
Safeco Ins.		12/30/2021	11/16/2023	Reserve Deputies - Seven @ 2,000	10,000			500
Safeco Ins.	32S388169	5/1/2022	5/1/2023	Constable Precinct 1		1,000		325
Safeco Ins.	999105418	4/1/2022	4/1/2023	Reserve Constable Deputy Pct. 1		1,500		100
	32S608840	1/1/2022	1/1/2023	Reserve Constable Deputy Pct. 1		2,000		100
	32S388262	11/23/2022	11/23/2023	Reserve Constable Deputy Pct. 1		2,000		100
						,		
Safeco Ins.	999080128	1/1/2021	12/31/2024	Constable Precinct 2		1,000		325
Safeco Ins.	328419755	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	Reserve Constable Deputy Pct. 2	2,000			100
	32S160071			Reserve Constable Deputy Pct. 2		2,000		100
The Travelers	I660287X6078TIL21	12/30/2022	12/20/2023	123rd Judicial District Adult Probation	10,000			250
The Travelers	I660226X9543TIL21	12/30/2022	12/20/2023	123rd Judicial District Juvenile Probation	10,000			250
Safeco Ins.	32S171012	1/1/2019	1/1/2023	County Surveyor	1,000			355
Safeco Ins.	328600377	12/23/2022	12/23/2023	Special Prosecutor - Six @ 2,500	2,500			100
	999143067	1/10/2022	1/10/2023	•		2,500		100
	328560840	4/1/2022	4/1/2023			2,500		100
	328560854	4/1/2022	4/1/2023			2,500		100
	328560858	4/1/2022	4/1/2023			2,500		100
	328560867	4/1/2022	4/1/2023			2,500		100
	999033575	10/22/2022	10/22/2023			2,500		100
	999067439	9/8/2022	9/8/2023			2,500		100
Safeco Ins.								
	32S171050	8/29/2022	8/29/2023	Court Coordinator LE & Forfeiture Spec.		2,000		100
Safeco Ins.								
	999017579	4/1/2022	12/31/2022	Asst. District Attorney		5,000		100
Western Surety	328171051	12/31/2018	12/31/2022	Public Official Schedule	100,000			1,244
		1/6/2019	7/1/2026	Notary Bond- Fourteen				994





GOVERNMENTAL COMPLIANCE SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Commissioners' Court of Panola County Carthage, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Panola County, Texas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Panola County, Texas's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Panola County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Panola County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Panola County, Texas's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Panola County, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gollob Morgan Peddy PC

Certified Public Accountants

Tyler, Texas June 8, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To Honorable Commissioners' Court of Panola County Carthage, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal

Opinion on Each Major Federal

We have audited Panola County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Panola County, Texas' major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Panola County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Panola County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Panola County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Panola County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Panola Count's federal programs.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Panola County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Panola County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Panola County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Panola County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Panola County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gollob Morgan Peddy PC

Certified Public Accountants

Tyler, Texas June 8, 2023

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PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grantor or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Program Expenditures
U. S. ELECTIONS ASSISTANCE COMMISSION Passed Through Texas Secretary of State			
Help America Vote Election Security Grant	90.404	TX18101001-01-183	67,134
TOTAL U. S. ELECTIONS ASSISTANCE COMMISSION			67,134
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Direct Programs:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		1,319,424
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			1,319,424
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Texas Department of Family and Protective Services:			
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	HHS000285000011	9,370
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			9,370
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,395,928

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES USED IN PREPARING THE SCHEDULE

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Panola County, Texas, under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022 and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected potion of operations of Panola County, Texas, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of Panola County, Texas.

NOTE 2 – INDIRECT COST RATES

The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

PANOLA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Fin	ancial Statements								
Туţ	be of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified							
Inte	ernal control over financial repo	orting:							
•	Material weakness(es) identifi	ed?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No			
•	Significant deficiencies identities that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	fied		Yes	X	No			
	ncompliance material to financi atements noted?	al		Yes	<u>X</u>	No			
Fea	leral Awards								
Inte	Internal control over major programs:								
•	Material weakness(es) identifi	ed?		Yes	X	No			
• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?				Yes	X	_ No			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified									
re	y audit findings disclosed that a quired to be reported in accorda ith 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major program	ance		Yes	<u> </u>	_No			
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federa	ıl Progran	n					
	21.027	State and Local	Fiscal Re	covery F	und				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:\$750,000									
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee: YesX_ No					_ No				

PANOLA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.

PANOLA COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

No prior year audit findings.